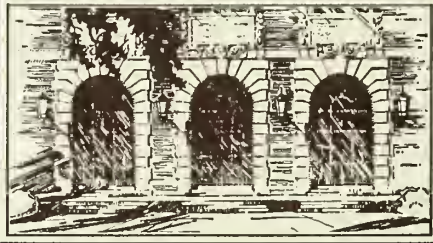




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# INDUSTRIAL TRENTON

AND VICINITY.

ISSUED BY AUTHORITY OF  
THE BOARD OF TRADE  
CITY OF TRENTON, N.J., U.S.A.



DESIGNED, COMPILED AND PUBLISHED BY  
GEORGE A. WOLF, WILMINGTON, DEL.  
MCM.







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# OFFICERS OF BOARD OF TRADE.

EDWARD B. DOLTON, *President.*

JOHN A. CAMPBELL, *1st Vice-President.*

JACOB C. BLOOM, *2d Vice-President.*

FRANK J. EPPELE, *Secretary.*

EDMUND WOOD, *Treasurer.*

## *Trustees:*

E. M. COFFIELD,

EDMUND WOOD,

ADAM EXTON,

HENRY C. MOORE,

EDWARD B. DOLTON.

## STANDING COMMITTEES.

### *Transportation.*

F. W. ROEBLING,

H. C. CASE,

JOHN W. MANNING,

### *Municipal Improvements.*

LEWIS PARKER,

H. H. HAMILL,

W. S. HANCOCK.

### *Railroads, Telegraph and Telephone.*

GENERAL JAMES F. RUSLING,

R. P. WILSON,

JOHN G. MUIRHEAD.

### *Streets, Roads and Bridges.*

H. C. MOORE,

DR. CORNELIUS SHEPHERD,

COLONEL A. R. KUSER.

### *Sanitation.*

DR. D. WARMAN,

DR. F. K. HAZELTON,

DR. GEO. N. J. SOMERS,

### *Educational Library.*

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B. C. GREGORY,

J. F. HANCOCK.

### *New Manufactories.*

JOHN A. CAMPBELL,

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W. H. BROKAW.

### *Legislation.*

IRA W. WOOD,

GARDNER H. CAIN,

W. HOLT APGAR,

### *Commerce and Rural Industry.*

E. M. COFFIELD,

R. C. OLIPHANT,

C. B. CASE.

### *Address and Public Meetings.*

E. C. HILL,

H. W. GREEN,

B. B. HUTCHINSON.

### *Statistics and Publications.*

C. L. TRAVERS,

DR. H. J. NORTON,

GEO. B. LABAR.

### *Membership.*

KENDRICK C. HILL,

ALFRED K. LEUCKEL,

ADAM EXTON.

### *Improvement of the Delaware River.*

EX-JUDGE JAMES BUCHANAN,

R. C. OLIPHANT,

E. M. COFFIELD.

## OFFICIALS OF THE CITY.



HON. FRANK O. BRIGGS.

*Mayor*, FRANK O. BRIGGS.

*City Clerk*, C. EDWARD MURRAY.

*Assistant City Clerk*, HARRY B. SALTER.

*City Treasurer*, WILLIAM J. B. STOKES.

*Assistant Treasurer*, CHARLES D. COVERT.

*City Comptroller*, GEO. W. SPRACKLEN.

*Assistant Comptroller*, JOHN L. PARSON.

*Receiver of Taxes*, CHARLES H. BAKER.

*Deputy Receiver of Taxes*, EDWARD S. PARKINSON.

*Collector of Delinquent Taxes*, JOHN W. BARBER.

*City Counsel*, GEORGE W. MACPIHERSON.

*City Engineer*, CHARLES C. HAVEN.

*Street Commissioner*, JOHN GINDER.

*Overscer of the Poor*, WILLIAM M. NUTT.

*Building Inspector*, WILLIAM H. LEE.

*City Marshal*, FRED. J. BICKEL.

*City Physicians*, ALEXANDER ARMSTRONG, WALTER F. MADDEN.

*Health Officer*, ALTON S. FELL.



CITY HALL.

## DEPARTMENTS OF THE CITY.

DEPARTMENT OF TAXES. DEPARTMENT OF FIRE.  
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE. DEPARTMENT OF SEWERS.  
DEPARTMENT OF STREETS. DEPARTMENT OF PARKS. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.  
DEPARTMENT OF WATER. DEPARTMENT OF EXCISE.  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.  
DEPARTMENT OF POLICE.

## THE COUNCIL.

First Ward, CHARLES E. BIRD, IRA W. WOOD.  
Second Ward, HARRY J. HARRIS, JOHN SCHOONOVER.  
Third Ward, OSCAR DAVISON, BENJAMIN GODSHALK.  
Fourth Ward, JOHN J. SHEENAN, GEORGE H. PURVIS.  
Fifth Ward, J. L. KAFES, WILLIAM S. D'ARCY.  
Sixth Ward, DAVID LENOX, THOMAS McCORMACK.  
Seventh Ward, JACOB S. VALENTINE, WILLIAM ALLFATHER.  
Eighth Ward, WALTER FIRTH, THOMAS ABBOTT.  
Ninth Ward, JOHN F. PANCOAST, ELLIOTT G. MOODY.  
Tenth Ward, HARRY D. LEAVITT, GAUDELOUPE A. HOLL.  
Eleventh Ward, FREDERICK P. REES, OSCAR F. NIEDT.  
Twelfth Ward, R. O. VANDENBERGH, ALBERT E. DEARDEN.  
Thirteenth Ward, THOS. COLCLOUGH, JR., C. K. BARNHART.  
*Alderman-at-Large*, FRANK S. KATZENBACH, JR.



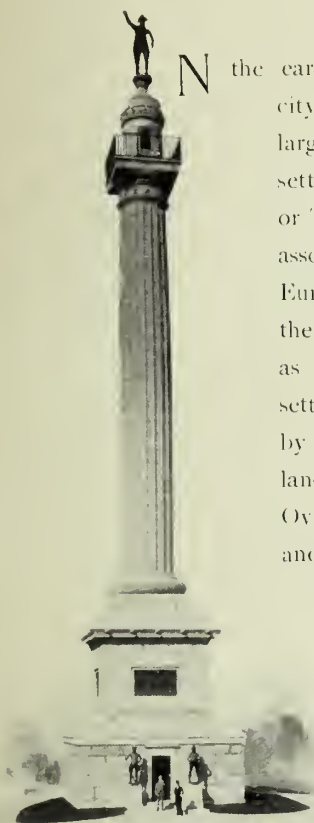






THE CITY OF NEW YORK, 1890

## THE CITY'S SETTLEMENT.



WASHINGTON BATTLE MONUMENT.

**N** the early history of this country, Trenton, the capital of New Jersey, was a very important city, and dates its settlement from the year 1680, and was first known as "The Falls." The large plantation and mill of Mahlon Stacy, a Quaker, was really the beginning of Trenton's settlement, which was afterward purchased by William Trent, for whom it was named, Trentown, or Trenton, in 1720. This old property is now the centre of the city. William Penn and his associates began the development of West Jersey as early as 1676, and made inducements to Europeans to come here on account of the natural advantages of the country. Penn acquired the land by purchase indirectly from Sir George Carteret, for whom it was called New Jersey, as he had been Royalist Governor of the Isle of Jersey under Charles II. Among the first settlers were low Dutch traders. Swedes and Finns made a settlement, but were driven away by the Dutch, who in turn were conquered by the English in 1664. The first record of the landowners of Trenton was in 1684. The first officers of the town were called Constables and Overseers. In 1699 the site of Trenton comprised three townships—Hopewell, Maidenhead and Nottingham; of these Hopewell alone retains its name. In August, 1714, Mahlon Stacy sold his plantation of some 800 acres to Colonel Trent, of Philadelphia, who built a house there, afterwards known as the Bloomsbury Farm, now occupied by Edward H. Stokes.

In Colonial times slavery was tolerated in Trenton, as shown by the old records. As a Quaker settlement it progressed rapidly, and was intimately connected with Philadelphia. On account of its being the largest outpost of the New Jersey settlement, and from its location, Trenton was selected by the British as headquarters during the War of the Revolution. One of the oldest landmarks of the city is the Barracks, built in 1758, and occupied by the British troops during the French and Indian Wars, and until the Independence was accomplished.

On the night of December 25th, 1776, Washington, with about 2,400 men, crossed the Delaware River above Trenton and surprised and captured the city, together with 1,300 Hessian soldiers, their arms and six field pieces. The enemy being in superior force in the vicinity, Washington recrossed the Delaware on the 26th. A few days later he returned and took possession of Trenton, where he concentrated his forces and from there he moved to Princeton early in January. This was the battle of Trenton, and a monument has been erected in commemoration. A reception was tendered Washington in 1789.

In the year 1790 Trenton was made the seat of the Government of New Jersey, and in 1792 became invested with corporate privileges. The seal of the city was adopted in 1793, and has since been slightly altered.



## POLICE DEPARTMENT.



HE Police Department of the City of Trenton is governed by a non-partisan Board of Police Commissioners, the city being divided in two precincts, each having its own station house. The members of the Board are appointed by the Mayor for a term of four years each. The following named gentlemen compose the present Board: William J. Convery, President; Robert Surtees, Harry S. Maddock, Samuel Walker, Jr.; Secretary of Board, Richard R. Lutes; Secretary of Chief, Benj. Godshalk; Superintendent of Police Telegraph, Charles C. Drake. The police force consists at present of eighty-three men, divided as follows: One chief, two captains, six sergeants, two detectives, four roundsmen, two patrol drivers, one chanceman, sixty patrolmen, one surgeon, one superintendent of police telegraph, two secretaries, one lineman; total, 83. The amount of money appropriated for the use of Police Department for the fiscal year ended February 28, 1899, was \$73,240. There is a complete telegraph and signal system; nineteen stations in the First Precinct and eighteen stations in the Second Precinct. The Patrol service is equipped with five horses, a patrol wagon and an ambulance, and a covered van; a recent innovation being the introduction of a portable electric light plant in the ambulance and patrol wagon. The Detective Bureau is under the direction of the Board of Police Commissioners, the Chief of Police being at the head of the Bureau. During the year 1898, 2,594 arrests were made and \$2,796 worth of property and money were recovered. During the same period \$3,001.80 fines and costs were collected. The arrests made comprised: Whites—Males, 2,290; females, 146. Colored—Males, 146; females, 34.

*Judson Stier*  
Chief of Police.

## THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Trenton's Board of Health is made up of seven members, one of whom at present is a physician. The health of the city is good, the death rate from all causes, for the last fiscal year being 15.45 per 1000. As favorable to a healthy condition, Trenton has good water, an extensive sewerage system, a crematory for the incineration of garbage, etc. The crematory is of the "Dixon" pattern and is a success so far as sanitary questions go. To provide for the isolation of cases of contagious diseases and thus guard against the occurrence of epidemics, we have a hospital with three departments especially designed for contagious diseases. As a further precautionary measure the Board of Health requires that a bacteriological examination of the throats of diphtheria cases shall show a "clean throat" before quarantine is raised. The Board of Health recently caused notices to be placed in street cars and public buildings, prohibiting expectorating on the floors. It has also taken advantage of a State law and placed the sale of ice and of milk under its control.

*B. W. McGalliard,*



## FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Trenton Fire Department is thoroughly equipped for all emergencies, having the following apparatus: one Chemical Engine, six Engines, three Hose Reels, four Hose Wagons, two Aerial Hook and Ladder Trucks, which is operated by a force, viz: Chief, two Assistant Chiefs, nine Captains, six Engineers, six Stokers, nine Drivers, two Tillermen of Trucks, ten Laddermen, twenty-six Hosemen, one Extra Engineer, one Reserve Hoseman.

The Department is equipped with sixty horses, and has a capacity of over ten thousand feet of hose.

Trenton Fire Department was formerly a volunteer service. Many Companies date back to Revolutionary days, but with advance of progress it was recognized that a paid Department thoroughly free from political influence was one of the necessities of the city.

A complete fire alarm system is in service throughout the city, and additional alarm boxes are being erected as the growth of Trenton demands.

The city has been very fortunate in being free from any disastrous conflagration. Much credit for same is due to the discipline with which the men work.

*Wm. McGee*

*Chief.*



NEW JERSEY STATE CAPITOL.

## STATE OFFICERS.

*Governor*, FOSTER M. VOORHEES. Term expires January, 1902.

*Governor's Private Secretary*, HOBART TUTTLE.

*Chancellor*, ALEXANDER T. MCGILL.

*Chief Justice of Supreme Court*, WILLIAM J. MAGIE.

*Secretary of State*, GEORGE WURTS.

*Treasurer*, GEORGE B. SWAIN.

*Comptroller*, WILLIAM S. HANCOCK. *Attorney-General*, SAMUEL H. GREY.

*Adjutant-General*, WILLIAM S. STRYKER.

*Assistant Adjutant-General*, ALEXANDER C. OLIPHANT.

*Clerk of Supreme Court*, WILLIAM RIKER, JR. *Clerk in Chancery*, LEWIS A. THOMPSON.

## UNITED STATES OFFICIALS FOR NEW JERSEY.

*Circuit Justice*, GEORGE SHIRAS, JR.

*Circuit Judges*, MARCUS W. ACHESON, GEORGE M. DALLAS, GEORGE GREY.

*District Court Judge*, ANDREW KIRKPATRICK.

*District Attorney*, J. KEARNEY RICE.

*Marshall*, THOMAS J. ALCOTT.

## MERCER COUNTY CHOSEN FREEHOLDERS.

The Mercer County Board of Chosen Freeholders hold regular meetings on the second Tuesday of each month, at 2.30 o'clock P. M., at the Court House, Trenton. The following are the officers of the Board:

COUNTY.—County Clerk, Barker Gummere, Jr.; Surrogate, John W. Cornell; Sheriff, Samuel T. Atchley; County School Superintendent, A. W. Hartwell, Titusville.

COURT.—Presiding Judge, William S. Gummere; Law Judge, Robert S. Woodruff; Prosecutor of the Pleas, Wm. J. Crossley.

BOARD.—Director, Josiah Jones, Trenton; Clerk, J. C. Harrison, Hopewell; Collector, Thomas H. Thropp, Trenton; Counsellor, Symmes B. Hutchinson, Trenton.

Physician, R. R. Rogers, M. D.; Warden, Judson S. Allen, Court House; Jailer, W. B. Van-Horn, Court House; Matron, Mary O'Harra, Court House; Superintendent Mercer County Cemetery, Robert Sterling, Trenton.

The Members are: L. J. Applegate, Princeton; Joseph H. Black, Hightstown; George W. Dennison, Dutch Neck; Julius S. Ferriott, 114 Pennington Avenue; Chas. E. Fort, 1100 Anderson Street; Timothy Furlong, 375 Fair Street; George L. Howell, Trenton Junction; John F. Hutchison, Windsor; Josiah Jones, 87 Carroll Street; John B. Kirby, Yardville; Edward Lieberman, 527 Second Street; Chas. McDermott, Jr., Princeton; George W. Page, 903 New York Avenue; John M. Pattison, 809 S. Clinton Avenue; J. Walter Phares, 90 Spring Street; Wm. A. Poland, 11 W. State Street; Thomas E. Raub, 214 Perry Street; John F. Reed, 118 E. State Street, Wilbur; W. E. H. Rouse, Lawrenceville; Joseph D. Smith, 433 Monmouth Street; N. Stout Voorhees, Glenmoore; Albert Winkler, 33 W. Front Street.

The County Collector will be at his office in the Court House on Wednesday of each week, between the hours of 2.30 and 5 P. M. The Auditing Committee meets on the Monday before the second Tuesday of each month, at 10 A. M., at the Court House.

Budget for year ending May 12, 1900, amounted to a total appropriation of \$262,800. Among the principal items being: Bridges, \$4,200; County Farm, \$25,000; Court House, \$10,000; Courts, \$35,000; Asylum, \$40,000; Salaries, \$11,000; Elections, \$8,000; Interest and Discount, \$28,000; Hospitals, \$8,000; Bonds Maturing, \$20,000; Roads, \$10,000.



MERCER COUNTY COURT HOUSE.





RIVER-FRONT VIEW AT PUMPING STATION.

OFFICERS OF WATER COMMISSION :

CHARLES A. MAY, *President.* BENJAMIN C. SKIRM, *Secretary.*  
CHAS. C. ENGEL, CHAS. H. YOUNG, WM. H. BAKER, HENRY J. NICKLIN, HARRY K. MARGOLF.

## WATER COMMISSION.

From the records in possession of the present Water Commission, the Water Board dates from the 21st day of September, 1802, when the first meeting was held and sixty shares of stock were sold for \$20 each, or \$1,200, the capital of the company. This company secured the passage of an act by the Legislature, February 29th, 1804, incorporating the company, and had the power to lay wooden trunks for conveying the water from the springs through the streets.

The report for the year 1804 shows receipts from water rents to be \$105.07, a total income of \$143.47 and expenditure of \$95.33. In 1811 the first dividend was declared of \$3 per share. The first iron pipes were laid October 13th, 1839. In two years mains and branches amounting to 13,343 feet were laid at a cost of about \$20,000. In 1840 the receipts from water rents amounted to \$1,528.

In 1852 a law was passed allowing the company to take the water from the Delaware River and store it in basins or reservoirs. A basin was constructed to hold 1,414,082 gallons and a pump-house erected on the river bank costing \$3,000.

In 1859 the control of the water system of Trenton passed into the hands of a Board of Commissioners elected by Common Council. In 1874 the Board of Commissioners authorized the erection of a new pump-house with capacity to pump 2,000,000 gallons daily. In 1884 this was increased to a capacity of 5,000,000 gallons daily. The control of the water system passed into the hands of the Board of Public Works in 1892, under which management the river wall at the pumping-station was erected and a triple-compound engine installed with a pumping capacity of 10,000,000 gallons daily; plans also were made for the erection of a new pump-house.

In 1894 the control passed back to a Commission, who erected the present pumping-station, boiler house, and electric light plant at a cost of \$36,000, which was finished in 1896. The contract for the new reservoir was made in 1896 for the sum of \$349,489 and was completed September 21st, 1899. The present capacity of the pumping station is 15,000,000 gallons daily and the consumption of water last year averaged 7,000,000 gallons daily, or approximately 80 gallons per capita, taking the population at 70,000.—*“Extract from the speech of ex-President Chas. H. Skirm at Dedication.”*



THE NEW RESERVOIR.





GREENWOOD AVENUE.

## STREETS AND SEWERS.

During the past ten years over a million dollars have been spent in the construction of sewers and drains in this city. The work has been done in a manner to reflect much credit on the sanitary engineer Mr. Rudolph Hering, who designed the system, and also the several city engineers under whose personal direction the work has been executed. The quality of the work is very good and the cost of construction will compare favorably with the prices paid in other eastern cities of the same size. Next to our water works the sewer system is our most valuable possession. It is modern and up-to-date in every respect. The sewers are paid for as built by assessments on all lots benefited; the cost of the main outfall sewer is divided among all lots in the city; the cost of trunk and intercepting sewers is assessed on those lots which do now, or will eventually discharge sewage through them, and the cost of laterals is assessed on the lots in front of which such laterals are laid.

Trenton has made rapid strides during the past eight years in the improvement of its streets. The vitrified brick pavements now laid on many of our best streets are second to none in the United States. Our asphaltum block pavements are being re-surfaced with sheet asphaltum and nearly all the old cobble stone pavements have been replaced with granite blocks or vitrified brick. The number of miles of paved streets is as follows: Telford, 0.475; cobble, 0.553; sheet asphaltum, 0.824; asphaltum block, 1.595; Belgian block, 5.929; vitrified brick, 7.539; total, 16.915 miles.

The construction and also the maintenance of all sewers and drains are under the personal supervision of the city engineer. The construction of all street pavements is also under his direction, in connection with the street commissioner, but their maintenance and cleaning are wholly in charge of the street commissioner.

The city engineer and his clerk, who also acts as clerk to the sanitary committee and inspector of sewer connections, are the only officers of the engineering department who are constantly in the employ of the city. All others, surveyors, draughtsmen and assistants are employed by the city engineer as their services are required, and discharged when no longer needed; thus running the department on a very economical basis.

*A. A. Haven*  
City Engineer.

## PARKS AND DRIVEWAYS.

THE Parks of Trenton cover an area of 150 acres, which gives ample opportunity for the citizens of Trenton to enjoy the pure air amid beautiful surroundings. Cadwalader Park is about 15 minutes ride by trolley from the heart of the city : the close proximity as well as the trifling cost of reaching it affords pleasure to thousands during the heated summer months : there is a Zoological Garden in the park, which is a great source of amusement to the children. Among the other attractions are the monuments and the free open air concerts. The illustration below is the main entrance to Cadwalader Park. The other Parks are the Broad Street Park and grounds around the Capitol Building. The driveways about Trenton are numerous and over historical ground, but the proposed Boulevard (see page 34) will be, when completed, one of the most important to the City.



WINTER CADWALADER PARK.





## STATE NORMAL AND MODEL SCHOOLS.

The State Normal and Model Schools are located on Clinton Avenue. The Normal School is designed to prepare persons for teaching. The course of study in this school is three years long, and involves professional training, including Psychology, History and Science of Education, Theory and Practice, Methods, and a comprehensive view of the subject matter of the English branches usually taught in the public schools. The diploma of the school is a license to teach. The Model School is a regular academic institution with a curriculum extending from the Kindergarten to college preparation. The teaching in both of these schools is of a thorough character. The institution is provided with gymnasium, laboratories for Physics, Chemistry Botany, Zoology, Biology and Psychology, a library and all other modern appliances. The dormitories are well equipped. They are lighted with gas, heated with steam, provided with good ventilation and good furniture, baths, etc. The total cost at the Normal School is \$154 per year for boarders, and \$200 per year at the Model for boarders. Day students in the Normal are charged only for use of books; in the Model they are charged according to grade, from \$26 to \$58 per year. The institutions have a large Alumni, and are strongly entrenched in the confidence of the State.

*J. M. Green*

*Principal.*

## TRENTON'S PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The public schools of Trenton are controlled by a Board known as the Commissioners of Public Instruction. This Board consists of eight persons, four of whom are appointed by the Mayor each alternating year, and each member holding his position for two years. The members may be selected from any ward, with a proviso that no two members come from any one ward. The public school system is under the direction of a Supervising Principal, appointed by the Board of Commissioners, and each school has its own principal, who is directly responsible for the conduct of the school. Books and stationery are supplied at the expense of the city. There were enrolled in the schools June, 1899, 9,374 pupils. There are twenty-eight buildings used by the city, containing 181 school rooms and 8,597 sittings for pupils. Six hundred pupils are in the High School, about 2,400 in the grammar schools and about 6,500 in the primary. There are over 200 teachers engaged in giving instruction. The evening schools are also carried on during the winter. These are free and enroll nearly 700 pupils. Boys and girls are educated in the same class room. One of the most recent advances in the system has been the establishment of an art technical school for the purpose of training young men and young women in artistic work relating to pottery and other industries of the city. The schools of Trenton, as well as other parts of New Jersey, are supported by an income from two sources; the first from the State, which is based on the number of school age in the city, and the second on a supplementary fund appropriated by the city itself. The total amount expended for public instruction during 1898-'99 was nearly \$150,000. A handsome new High School building, which, when completed, will be worth \$125,000, is now in procession of erection. It will contain laboratories, drawing rooms, class rooms, an auditorium, rooms for manual training, lunch room, library, offices, etc. An interesting adjunct to the public schools is the Skelton Library, which was provided for by the late Charles Skelton, of this city. This library will be located in the new High School.

*W. C. Gregory.*

*Supervising Principal.*

## NEARBY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

In addition to public, preparatory schools and two business colleges in Trenton proper, there are quite a number of famous institutions easily accessible, thus giving Trenton its reputation as one of the educational centres of the country. Here are located the Lawrenceville School (John C. Green Foundation), Princeton College and University, Bordentown Military Institute, Pennington Seminary, and the Bordentown College and Preparatory School for Young Women. Thoroughly equipped with workshops, laboratories and appliances adequate for thorough instruction in modern engineering, the scientific and practical work, as well as the classical, legal and divinity courses. Unexcelled in the training of young men and women in the giving of mental, physical and moral training; besides having the advantages of healthful and delightful location and surroundings, and near to the large cities of New York and Philadelphia.

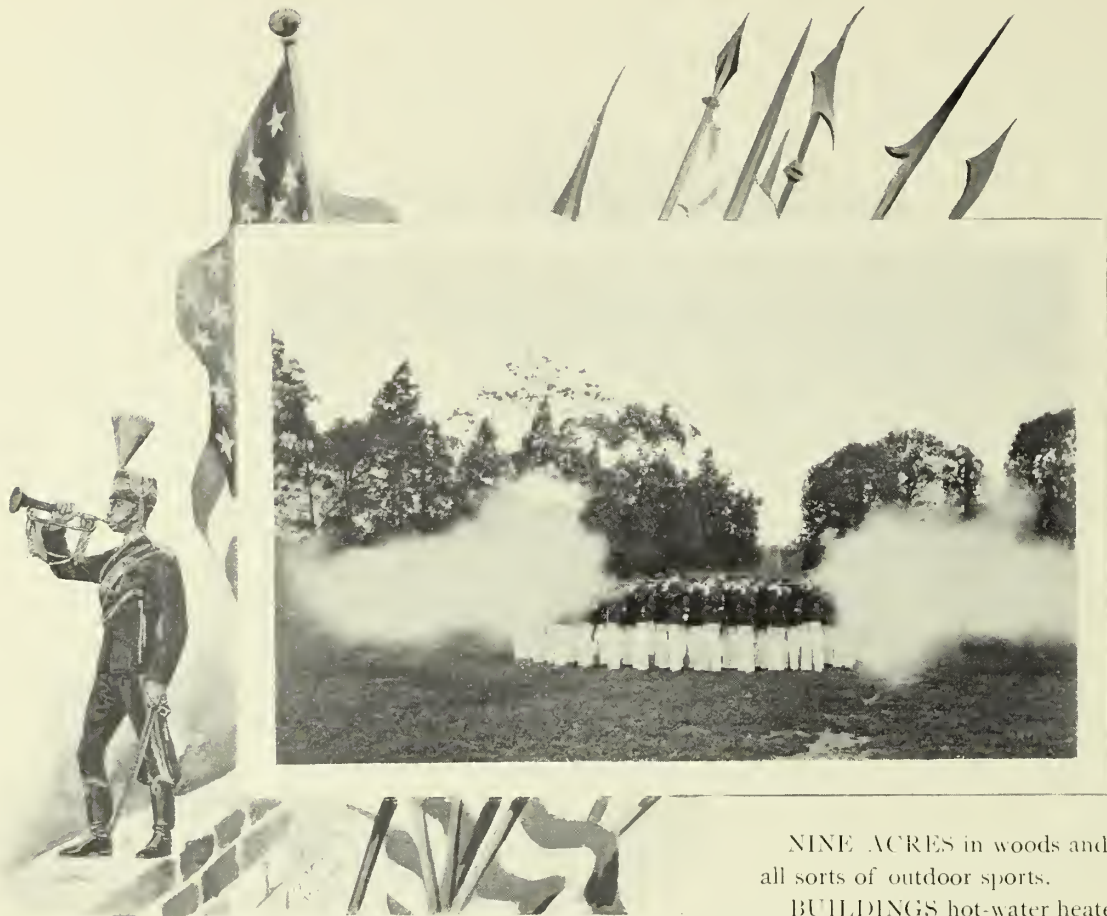


CADWALADER SCHOOL, TRENTON.



# BORDENTOWN MILITARY INSTITUTE.

BORDENTOWN, N. J.



REV. T. H. LANDON, A. M.,  
PRINCIPAL.

NINE ACRES in woods and fields for all sorts of outdoor sports.

BUILDINGS hot-water heated, electric lighted, perfectly drained and suitably furnished for School purposes and for the home of about eighty persons, including students, faculty and domestics.

EIGHT RESIDENT INSTRUCTORS, all men, graduates of various Colleges and technical Schools, with "born gifts" for teaching, special preparation in their respective departments and proved success therein here or elsewhere.

OUR FIRST AIM is the development of that "high thinking and noble living" which makes for true Christian manhood.

We also prepare for college, for Government and technical schools, for the amenities of society and the practical duties of business and citizen life.

OUR GOVERNMENT is a rather unique blending of military system with family relations and methods, retaining the precision, promptness, punctuality, instant obedience and neatness of the former and not losing the freedom, familiarity, home-feeling and personal care of the latter.

Send for a catalogue and learn more about us.

MAJOR T. D. LANDON,  
COMMANDANT.

# TRENTON BOARD OF TRADE.

ORGANIZED 1868.

INCORPORATED 1888.

## OBJECTS.

The object of this Board of Trade is to foster, encourage and develop the mercantile and manufacturing interests of Trenton and its suburbs; to inculcate just and equitable principles in trade; to establish and maintain uniformity in commercial usages; to collect, preserve and circulate useful information concerning the city, its trade, industries and advantages; to study the workings of the great systems of transportation, upon which our commercial and industrial prosperity so much depends, and to endeavor to remedy by all proper means, the defects and abuses therein, so far as they injuriously affect our interests; to obtain fair and equitable rates of freight to and from Trenton, and prevent, if possible, discriminations in favor of other cities; to secure the abatement of vexatious and unjust charges, and insure prompt settlements of damages on goods shipped; to encourage wise and needful legislation, and oppose the enactment of laws which might injuriously affect our manufacturing and commercial interests; to forward the improvement of Trenton by the erection of needful public buildings; and, generally, to strive with united effort to increase the wealth, industries, influence, trade and population of the city of Trenton and its suburbs.

### OFFICERS:

EDWARD B. DOLTON, President.  
JOHN A. CAMPBELL, 1st Vice-President.  
JACOB C. BLOOM, 2d Vice-President.  
FRANK J. EPPELE, Secretary.  
EDMUND WOOD, Treasurer.

### TRUSTEES:

E. M. COFFIELD.  
EDMUND WOOD.  
ADAM EXTON.  
HENRY C. MOORE.  
EDWARD B. DOLTON.

## THE CITY OF TRENTON, N. J.

### ADVANTAGES AS A MANUFACTURING CENTRE.

Trenton, the capital of the State of New Jersey, on the banks of the Delaware River, with a population of 70,000, dates its settlement from the year 1680. It has attained great distinction from the fact that it is the centre of the

### POTTERY, RUBBER, WIRE AND CABLE INDUSTRIES IN THE UNITED STATES.

The railroad advantages are many—on the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, the Philadelphia and Reading Railway, connecting with the Baltimore and Ohio, the New Jersey Central, and the Lehigh Valley Railways. Through tickets can be procured to any point in the United States. The shipping facilities are excellent, a daily line of propellers to New York, a tri-weekly line of propellers to Philadelphia, and two passenger lines of steamboats daily to Philadelphia.

### 46 TRAINS TO NEW YORK. 61 TRAINS TO PHILADELPHIA.

Trenton is a progressive city, its modern office buildings, beautiful parks, handsome churches, excellent educational institutions, cleanly streets, paid fire department of exceptional discipline, its efficient electric railway and lighting service, make it an ideal place in which to live, do business, and bring up a family.

PURE WATER AND AN UP-TO-DATE SEWERAGE SYSTEM ARE AMONG THE ATTRACTIVE FEATURES.

### SIX BANKS AND TRUST COMPANY.

COMBINED CAPITAL, . . . .	\$2,100,000
COMBINED SURPLUS, . . . .	920,917
COMBINED DEPOSITS, . . . .	6,803,360
COMBINED UNDIVIDED PROFITS, . . . .	358,890

*Kendrick C. Hill, Secretary Board of Trade,  
Elected February 8, 1900.*

# JUDGES AND LEGAL INTERESTS.

*Chancellor*—ALEXANDER T. MCGILL, Jersey City.

*Chief Justice*—WILLIAM J. MAGIE, Elizabeth.

In Trenton, at stated terms, assemble the Court of Errors and Appeals, the Supreme Court, the Court of Chancery, the Prerogative Court and the Court of Pardons. Of these the Court of Errors and Appeals is of last resort, the Chancellor presiding. The Supreme Court is composed of the Chief Justice and eight Associate Justices, who, with six judges, specially appointed, also constitute the Court of Errors and Appeals. Assisting the Chancellor, five Vice-Chancellors compose the Court of Chancery. The Chancellor is Ordinary of the Prerogative Court and, with the Governor and the specially appointed judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals, constitutes the Court of Pardons. The Clerks of these Courts have their offices in the State House. The Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the District of New Jersey have their offices and their respective clerks in the Federal building. The county courts of Mercer County, both civil and criminal, together with the Judge thereof, the Clerk, Sheriff, Surrogate and Prosecutor of the Pleas are located in the Court House. Here also sits the Associate Justice of the State Supreme Court when on circuit. The District Court of the city, with its Judge, Clerk and Constable, have apartments in the City Hall. A distinction to be particularly noticed in the practice of New Jersey is the differentiation between attorneys and counsellors. The student being admitted to the bar becomes an attorney, and is precluded from appearing before the Court of Errors and Appeals, the Supreme Court and the Court of Chancery. At the completion of three years, upon examination, he may attain the position of counsellor, which entitles him to audience in all State courts.

The Constitution of the State of New Jersey was adopted in 1844, and has been twice amended. Owing to an intense State conservatism, many common law courts, with ancient forms and practice, have been perpetuated. Upon the other hand, in the abolition of special charters, the State has recognized the importance of the vested financial interests of modern times, and by general legislation has given to railroad, industrial and other corporations such advantages in their organization and perpetuation as to attract a vast amount of capital to the State. Corporations organizing in New Jersey are required to file their certificates of incorporation with the Secretary of State.

In the State of New Jersey, as illustrative of the continuance of early social conditions, it is worthy of remark that the office of Prosecutor of the Pleas (District Attorney) is filled by appointment by the Governor, as is also the county judgeship. The Governor is the only State official elected by the people, all the judges to whom allusion has been made being gubernatorial appointments. The people vote for Sheriffs, Surrogates, County Clerks, Justices of the Peace, Coroners and certain statutory officers in some of the counties. From time to time efforts have been made to broaden the plan and scope of the Constitution, to establish an elective judiciary, to introduce code pleadings, to abolish many of the courts and consolidate their jurisdiction, but no crystalization of public sentiment has yet been effected to the end that such changes may be accomplished.

*Francis B. Lee.*

## TAXATION.

The fiscal year is from March 1st to February 28th (29th) of the following year. The revision of personal taxes is made on the fourth Monday of November by the Commissioners of Appeal. The assessment of real estate is made on the first Monday in May and the revision is made in July by the assessors. All moneys received by the Receiver of Taxes are turned over direct to the City Treasurer, the disbursing officer of the city, a complete settlement being made on the first day of March of each year. Property is assessed at its cash value. The aggregate value of real estate as assessed is \$25,421,030. The personal property is \$6,798,702. The average delinquency of taxes on the above is approximately \$18,000, being personal and poll tax. The tax rate per hundred is \$2.15. The city tax is a prior lien for two years from December 20th, each year. The Tax Commissioners are: Lewis R. Williams, President; Alphonso M. Pycraft, James H. Mulheron, Edward M. Reading, John P. Dullard.

*Chas. H. Baker.*

*Receiver of Taxes.*



## THE COMPTROLLER.



OFFICE was created in the year 1892, by Legislative enactment, ex-Judge William M. Lanning introducing the bill. The duty devolved is such as to materially assist to the betterment of the City's management of its finances. About the time of the enactment of the above, it was recognized by the business interests of the City of Trenton, that the introduction of a thorough system was very requisite; and the result was the Comptroller's Office. All warrants for the City's expenditure are issued by this office, the Water Works and Board of Health excepted, they disbursing under separate management (referred to elsewhere.) Bills chargeable to the departments or accounts are submitted to chairman of each of the several committees, in their respective departments, and if approved, are presented in open Council and passed by the Council and ordered paid. These warrants are issued upon the Treasurer for said accounts. Bills against the City are presented in this manner by any one having done work or furnished supplies, they making oath or affirmation to same. These bills are allowed to collect, and monthly schedules of the bills are presented to the several committees, and if approved by them are signed by said committees and duly passed upon in open council; then the O. K. schedules are returned to Comptroller, and warrant is issued for each particular account on the several schedules. Said warrant is the guarantee for the Treasurer to pay the bills by his check. The Comptroller has the supervision of amounts appropriated for the budget of expenditure, and will not permit the over-drawing of the several appropriations made by the city each year; thus making a very complete and thorough system of the care of the public moneys. The Comptroller and Assistant Comptroller are the only incumbents of this office. The Comptroller is bonded at \$10,000.00.

*Comptroller.*

## THE TREASURER.

The Treasurer's office is the only office in which disbursements are made after the method of warrants (as before described in the Comptroller's article above). The Treasurer and his assistant attend to the duties of this office, but the Treasurer, by reason of having the collection of the sewer assessments (moneys used for the construction of sewers and drains), has another assistant acting as clerk for that particular purpose; and moneys so collected are turned over to the Sinking Fund Commission of the city of Trenton. Another duty of the Treasurer is the collection of street pavement assessments and unpaid taxes after the properties have been sold. Bonds are issued and sold by the City Treasurer, under direction of Common Council. The last issue of ten-year bonds was made February 20th, 1899, for \$50,900, and the remarkable feature of this sale for a city of the second class was that  $3\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. was the rate of interest with an additional premium of \$2.17 per hundred. Statement of the office in 1899, the fiscal year ending February 28th, as follows: Receipts, \$1,353,360.53; disbursements, \$1,330,314.63, of which \$156,526.70 was paid over to the Sinking Fund Commission. The city is compelled to pay to the Sinking Fund Commission a certain amount on the principal of bonds, each of which is regulated by the term of bond,  $\frac{1}{10}$  for ten years,  $\frac{2}{10}$  for 20 years,  $\frac{3}{10}$  for 30 years, and so on in the same ratio. The Sinking Fund is controlled by the Mayor, Treasurer and Comptroller. No moneys can be expended by the Commission, except upon signature of two members, the law requiring the President to be one of the same. The Commission is limited to investment of Government Bonds, New Jersey State Bonds, and several species of debts of the City of Trenton. Its receipts are from the sewer assessments, street paving assessments, and principal on bonds: the latter is raised by taxation. The amount on February 28th, 1899, was \$1,028,554.99, of which \$822,000 is invested, making an average of \$30,000 per year for net earnings.

*Treasurer.*


## TRENTON POST OFFICE.

The Post Office has become one of the most valuable of the many marvelous modern agencies of man ; typewriting, the telephone, the telegraph and the train as its auxiliaries.

The whole world is on the swift-flying wings of the Postal Service. Fold these wings and the world would almost cease to move. The history of the Trenton Post Office covers a period of two centuries. As late as 1791 six offices embraced the entire number in New Jersey, the receipts for the year being \$530. The receipts of the Trenton Post Office are now over \$100,000 annually, more

than half of which is net to "Uncle Sam." Although in all its ramifications the aim of the Post Office Department is to economically administer its affairs, yet the best interests of the public are always contemplated and expenditures involved in needed improvements are not sought to be avoided.

The Trenton Post Office possesses up-to-date facilities. The latest innovation is the establishment of five Substations, located in the outlying districts, as follows: Substation No. 1, 46 Overbrook Avenue; Substation No. 2, East State Street and Olden Avenue; Substation No. 3, 1214 South Broad Street; Substation No. 4, 602 South Warren Street; Substation No. 5, 1055 Indiana Avenue. These Substations not only transact a general Post Office business, but issue and pay domestic money orders and have a registry department. To successfully conduct the Trenton Post Office requires the services of 22 clerks, 35 letter carriers and 3 special delivery messengers, 60 in all. To say that over forty mails daily come and go between this Post Office and New York and Philadelphia will give the reader an idea of the almost boundless scope of our ceaseless efforts, while the efficiency of our free delivery system illustrates itself to the public generally as the letter carrier many times a day blows his whistle or rings the door-bell at every office and every home.



*Alexander C. Ford*

*Postmaster.*

# YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

One of the estimates of a city's enterprise, these latter days, is formed by what it does for the young men, who are a city's best assets. Judged by this standard, few cities in the country can excel and none in New Jersey can approach the public spirit of Trenton. The beautiful building of the Young Men's Christian Association was entered about six years ago. The property is conservatively valued at \$140,000. Within its walls is carried on a work which is making an impress upon the lives of very many young men. Its spacious gymnasium, supplemented by a fine athletic field and complete bathing facilities, is doing a work in body building which is making men worth more to their employers and themselves. Association Hall is filled at frequent intervals with great audiences of young people enjoying the best that can be secured for their entertainment, while on Sundays it is filled with audiences of men comprising larger numbers than any other men's meetings in this country. Here meet together employer and employee, the rich and the poor, and their commingling is bound to go far toward the solution of the vexing questions of labor and capital.

Nor is this all. A systematic work is being done among men who have been deprived of educational advantages in their youth. Many earnest men are improving themselves mentally and are earning more money because of the Association's evening classes. It is no unusual sight to see every available room in the great building occupied with eager crowds of young men developing mentally, socially, physically or spiritually. Only a faint idea can thus be given of one of Trenton's most active institutions. A visit will do much more.

Mr. John A. Campbell is President of the Board of Directors, which is composed of some of Trenton's foremost business and professional men.

*Lyman L. Pierce*

*Secretary.*

## EXCHANGE FOR WOMAN'S WORK.

The Woman's Exchange was first introduced in the United States in 1833, copied after the Edinburgh Depository, Scotland. The second one was first started in New Brunswick, N. J., in 1856. The Exchange in Trenton was first started by the Trinity Episcopal Church, and in 1893 equipped rooms for the purpose of selling the product of deserving women in needy circumstances. This Society has proved itself more successful each year, and thus established an important and most worthy charity.

It has recently issued its fifth annual report from its headquarters, 7 West State Street.

President, Mrs. Clark Fisher.



Y. M. C. A. BUILDING.



## THE CHURCHES.

THE City of Trenton, from its foundation, was based upon a religious movement and has since continued with zeal through the two centuries. From the following table recently compiled, we find that the city has within its limits upwards of fifty churches and missions, many of which are handsome and imposing structures. Of the population about 70 per cent. are recorded as attendants of the House of God. In addition to these are two Jewish organizations, and a synagogue, the City Mission, and a number of Chapels. There are 32,718 church adults or members, and 16,141 Sunday-school scholars and teachers, a total of 48,859 or nearly 70 per cent. of population in enrolled attendance.

### STATISTICAL.

Baptist, 7 ; Catholic, 8 ; Episcopal, 7 ; Friends, 2 ; Lutheran, 4 ; Methodist, 10 ; Presbyterian, 10 ; Missions, 2.

	Sunday School Scholars.	Church Membership.
Baptist,	2,773	3,730
Roman Catholic,	2,863	15,750
Episcopal,	1,414	1,640
Friends, Orthodox,		41
Friends, Hicksite,		32
Methodist,	4,221	4,642
Lutheran, { German,	{ 265	{ 271
{ English,	{ 162	{ 182
Presbyterians,	4,270	3,271
Chapels and Missions,	173	159

## HOSPITALS.

### BENEVOLENT AND CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Widows' and Single Women's Home, 119 West Front Street ; Trenton Eye and Ear Infirmary, 121 East Front Street ; City Hospital (Homœopathic), Brunswick Avenue and City limits ; Mercer Hospital (Allopathic), Bellevue Avenue above Prospect Street ; St. Francis Hospital (Sisters of St. Francis), Chambers Street north of Hamilton Avenue ; Children's Day Nursery, 340 North Montgomery Avenue ; Trenton Dispensary, 106 West Hanover Street ; Friends' Home, Overbrook Avenue ; Florence Mission, Cadwalader Place ; Union Industrial Home, Greenwood and Chestnut Avenues ; Mercer County Branch of the State Charities Aid Association ; Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals ; Har Sinai Charity Society ; Society of St. Vincent de Paul, Roman Catholic Church ; Home for Friendless Children.



# ORGANIZATIONS.



FREE LIBRARY.

## LITERARY AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS.

Mercer County Medical Society ; Trenton High School Alumnae ; Trenton Natural History Society ; Trenton Battle Monument Association ; Young Men's Christian Association ; Exchange for Woman's Work ; High School Cadets ; Free Library ; Trenton Society Homœopathic Physicians ; Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals ; Women's Christian Temperance Union ; Grand Army of the Republic.

## MILITIA.

Trenton is the headquarters of the Second Regiment Infantry, National Guard of the State of New Jersey. A State arsenal is now in contemplation. Colonel H. N. Gilmore is at present commander, with headquarters at the Windsor Hotel. There are three companies of infantry, A, B and E. The headquarters of the division of the State of New Jersey is located at the State House, Adjutant-General William S. Stryker and Quartermaster-General Richard A. Donnely. The Regimental Band and Drum Corps are also here, Albert Winkler, leader.

## CLUBS.

Allibone Fish and Gun Club ; Park Island Canoeing Association ; Trenton Canoe Club ; Hiawatha Canoe Club ; Totowa Canoe Club ; South End Athletic Club ; Business Men's Cycle Club ; Mercer County Wheelmen ; Trenton Driving Park Association ; Trenton Athletic Club ; Trenton Club ; Lawyers' Club ; Union League ; Union Republican Club ; Republican Club of Trenton ; Mercer County Democratic Club ; Democratic League ; Players' Club ; Contemporary Club ; Thespian Club ; Country Club ; Young Men's Hebrew Club.

## SECRET AND BENEFICIAL SOCIETIES.

Free and Accepted Masons, 14 ; Independent Order of Odd Fellows, 20 ; Knights of Pythias, 6 ; Improved Order of Red Men, 9 ; Independent Order of Red Men, 4 ; Knights of the Golden Eagle, 4 ; Ladies of the Golden Eagle, 2 ; Knights of St. John and Malta, 3 ; American Protestant Association, 2 ; Junior Order of United American Mechanics, 10 ; Daughters of Liberty, 5 ; Patriotic Order Sons of America, 4 ; Patriotic Order of Americans, 2 ; Order of the Shepherds of Bethlehem, 7 ; Order Star of Bethlehem, 2 ; National Union, 4 ; German Societies, 20 ; Sons of St. George, 4 ; Brotherhood of the Union, 6 ; St. Patrick's Alliance of America, 6 ; Catholic Societies, 27.

## AMUSEMENTS.

Taylor Opera House ; Cadwalader Park ; Broad Street Park.

# REAL ESTATE AND BUILDING INTERESTS.

TRENTON is largely built of brick and stone. Here is the home of the famous Trenton Red Brick. The Real Estate, especially in the main or business portion of the town, is assessed at only about two-thirds its true value. The town is replete with handsome streets, Greenwood Avenue, West



"THE IRON HOUSE."  
RESIDENCE OF MR. JOHN E. THROPP.

Building is as extensive and complete in modern conveniences as any similar institution in the country.

The stores are mostly of the old style type and have not changed much in the progress of the city, while the banking houses are ahead of the growth of the city, and are making rapid strides in improvements, erecting modern office buildings, enlarging and beautifying their quarters to such an extent that the city of Trenton to-day makes a better showing in this respect than any other city of its population in the United States.

Within the last ten years Cadwalader Place has built up rapidly—the features being artistic cottages, well paved avenues, and improvements.

The amount of real estate devoted to manufacturing is extensive, there being forty potteries, ten rubber mills, three woolen factories, two iron and steel works engaged in bridge building and structural iron work, an extensive malleable iron plant (one of its specialties being a product known to the trade as gray iron castings), seven machine shops of different character, oil cloth manufacturing establishment, shirt factory, four breweries, lamp works, tile, terra cotta and brick plants, etc.



RESIDENCE OF MR. DUNCAN MACKENZIE.  
CORNER DIVISION AND HAMILTON AVES.



SOME TYPICAL RESIDENCES BY  
W. A. POLAND, ARCHITECT, TRENTON, N. J.



SEVEN RESIDENCES FOR F. W. ROEBLING, ESQ., WEST STATE STREET.



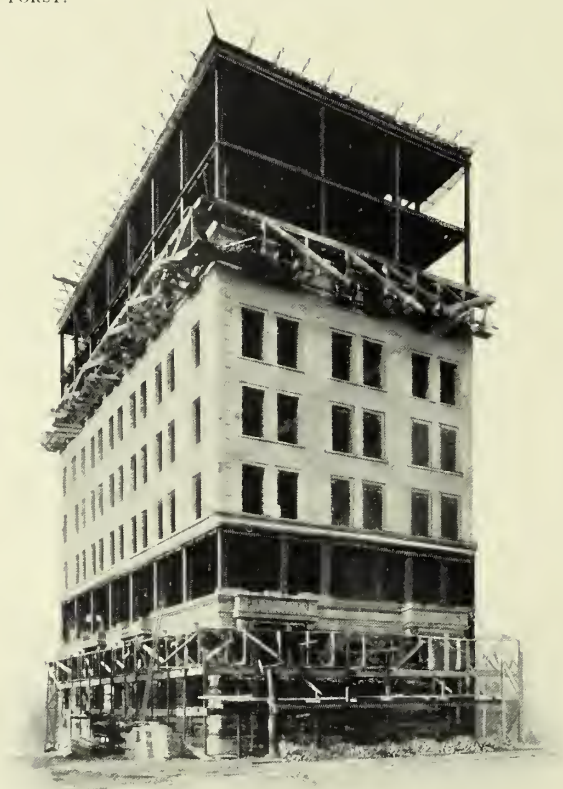
FOUR RESIDENCES FOR F. J. SLADE, ESQ., PROSPECT STREET.

Also Architect for  
BROAD STREET NATIONAL BANK,  
MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK,  
TRENTON GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.





RESIDENCE—A. D. FORST.



THE BROAD STREET NATIONAL BANK.

WJ MORRIS  
BUILDER  
TRENTON, N.J.



TRENTON FIRE CLAY AND PORCELAIN WORKS.



## MARKETS.

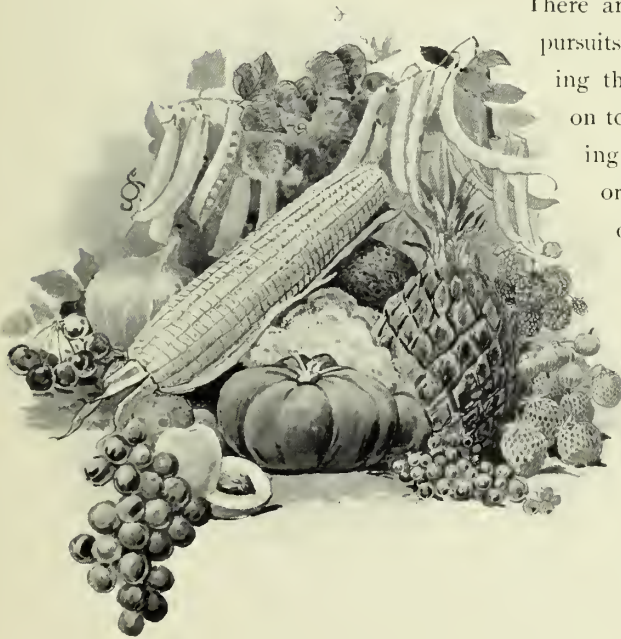
The markets of Trenton, two in number, the old and historical Washington Market located at the corner of South Broad street and Front, and the City Market on North Broad street near Academy street are of the old fashioned type where the farmers, butchers, and provision dealers openly display their products on stands and stalls. Many of the nearby farmers come to the town on regular days and fresh supplies are constantly replenishing the stands which are open every day. The stock carried comprises full lines of every variety, quality and price in keeping with Philadelphia and New York markets, and this industry is in a healthful and prosperous condition.

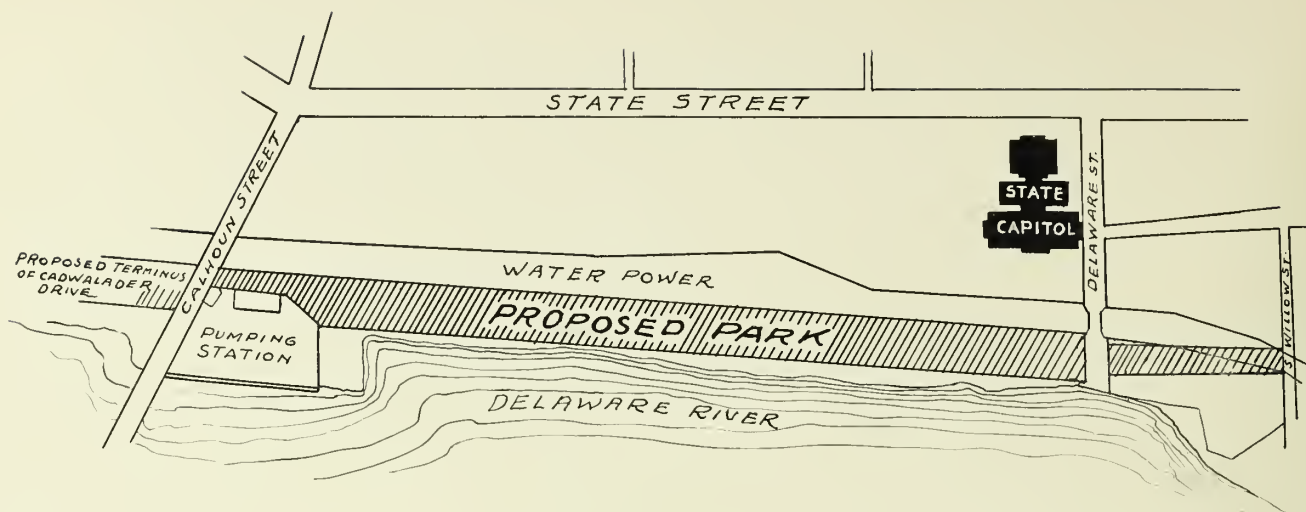
## MILK SUPPLY.

Naturally an important industry, the present system of handling, care, and improved methods of applying scientific principles is gradually approaching perfection. Recently one certified milk company started, and its example will no doubt be soon followed by others. There are at present one hundred and eighty milkmen who each distribute eighty quarts on an average daily, or 14,400 quarts being a conservative estimate, as it allows but one quart for five persons. The entire supply comes from nearby dairies, and many farmers serve their customers direct.

## FLORAL CULTURE AND NURSERIES.

There are twelve floral culturists and two nurserymen engaged in these pursuits, and they report the business to have greatly improved during the past five years, and estimate last year's business to be close on to \$65,000. Some of these growers make a specialty of importing rare specimens, procuring bulbs from Holland and France, ornamental trees from France, and Azalias from Belgium. The demand for trees is larger and the prices higher than for years before. Most of the fruit trees are brought here from New York State.





## PROPOSED BOULEVARD.

IT is proposed as soon as satisfactory arrangements can be made with adjoining property owners, to fill in the low grounds lying between the Park at the pumping station of the City Water Works, and that in the rear of the State Capitol grounds.

The object is to reclaim this low land and convert it into a Public Park. Lying as it does, just opposite the falls in the river, and accessible by trolley lines from all parts of the city, it is believed that with these low grounds properly filled in, laid out, beautified with shrubbery and fountains, lighted and placed under police protection, this will become one of the most popular evening resorts within the limits of the city.

In fact it is proposed to convert this waste land into an ideal evening park.

It is also contemplated in the near future to construct a driveway from the pumping station of the City Water Works up the river to Cadwalader Park, which is now owned by the City and eventually to extend it several miles up the river from that point.

This park and driveway will be favored by great natural advantages. The view looking up the river is one of much beauty, and the swiftly flowing water, with its projecting rocks in the mid-stream, will add greatly to the attractiveness of the location.

There are few cities in the country so well favored as the City of Trenton, and nowhere in the State could be found a more desirable site than this for a beautiful park and magnificent boulevard.

## UNDEVELOPED WATER POWER.

ONE important natural advantage of the City of Trenton, as yet undeveloped, is the water-power from the Delaware River which would, by the construction of a number of dams, properly harnessed with turbines connected with electrical generators, serve to give a capacity of approximately ten thousand horse-power. This electrical energy could be distributed by electrical conductors to motors adapted to drive all the machinery of the manufacturers of the city. A bill was passed by Legislature some twenty years ago allowing the city to appropriate the river water; but the State of Pennsylvania has not favored the project, as the City of Philadelphia contemplated procuring its water supply from this vicinity. By securing the co-operation of Pennsylvania, this project would undoubtedly result in the marked advancement of the manufacturing interests of Trenton.

# FACTS ABOUT TRENTON.

Estimated population, 70,000.  
Assessment of property, \$32,219,732.  
Public debt, \$1,972,610.82.  
\*Tax rate on \$100 of assessment, \$2.15.  
Area of city, 9 square miles.  
Area of Parks, 150 acres.  
Number of wards, 13.  
Miles of electric railway, 38½ miles track.  
Miles of sewers, 32.  
Miles of streets, 100.  
Miles of improved streets, 18.2.  
Water consumed per capita each day, 60.67  
gallons.  
Received per year from water rents, by last  
report, \$116,273.38.  
Total number of buildings to which water is  
turned, 24,015.  
Miles of water pipe, 133.  
Paid Fire Department.  
Fire Engines, 7.  
Hose carriages, 7.  
Chemical Engines, 1.  
Hook and ladder trucks, 2.  
Number of firemen, 73.  
Number of policemen, 83.  
Patrol and Ambulance Wagon and Van.  
Churches, 59.  
Steam railroads, 5; connected by trunk lines  
to all points, 5.  
Steamboat lines, 4.  
Literary, and similar associations, 9.  
Secret and Beneficial Societies, 160.  
Hospitals, { St. Francis.  
Mercer.  
City.  
Eye and Ear Infirmary.  
Day Nursery.  
Home for Friendless Children.  
Home for Aged Women.  
Union Industrial Home.  
Odd Fellows' Home.  
Widows' and Single Women's Home.  
Sanitarium.  
Almshouse.  
County Workhouse.  
School for Deaf Mutes.  
New Jersey State Hospital.  
New Jersey State Prison.  
New Jersey State Arsenal.  
Industrial School for Girls.  
Industrial School for Boys (at Jamesburg).  
New Jersey State Normal and Model School.  
Florence Mission.  
Public Schools, 25.  
Teachers in Schools, 203.  
Pupils enrolled, 8,707.  
Free Library.  
Invested in manufactures, \$25,352,000.

\* The property is assessed at about two-thirds actual value, thus accounting for the apparent high rate.

## TRANSPORTATION AND NATURAL RESOURCES.

TRENTON in the matter of natural advantages, is exceptionally located. At the head of tide-water and steamboat navigation on the Delaware River, is intersected by the Delaware and Raritan Canal; the latter connecting by continuous inland navigation the cities of New York and Philadelphia and the last named with Baltimore. Trenton is twenty-seven miles from Philadelphia and fifty-six miles from New York City. The Railroad transportation is efficient, on the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, the Philadelphia and Reading Railway connecting with the Baltimore and Ohio, New Jersey Central, and Lehigh Valley Railroads. The Merchant's Line operate a daily line of propellers on the canal to New York and a tri-weekly line to Philadelphia. Under the efficient management of the Trenton and Philadelphia Transportation Company carrying both passengers and freight on the steamboats "Pokanoket" and "Florence," and the Upper Delaware Transportation Company operate the "Twilight" and "Trenton." There is a water-power, a thousand horse power from the Delaware River, which if developed would yield at least 10,000 horse power. There are also two fine bridges connecting with Pennsylvania. The city is built on high ground, dry and healthy, and modern sewage system draining to running water courses.

Shipments can be made to all points in the United States at as low rates from Trenton as from any Eastern Territory; flat Philadelphia and New York City rates applying to and from Trenton and all Trunk Line territory points. As will be noted on other pages, there is a diversity of industries located here whose output is largely used at far off points. There is hardly a manufacturing plant that is not directly located on both railroad and canal.







QUADRUPLE TRACK TANKS, NEW YORK DIVISION, PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.



THE TRENTON AND PHILADELPHIA TRANSPORTATION CO.

THOS. H. THROPP, Pres't.  
CHAS. A. MAY, Vice-Pres't.

FRANK W. THROPP, Manager.

HARRY A. ASHMORE, Sec'y.  
JOHN E. THROPP, Jr., Treas.

STEAMERS "POKANOKET" AND "FLORENCE."



TRENTON GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.



TRENTON STREET RAILWAY COMPANY.





1887.

188 S. Broad Street.



1888.

201-3 S. Broad Street.

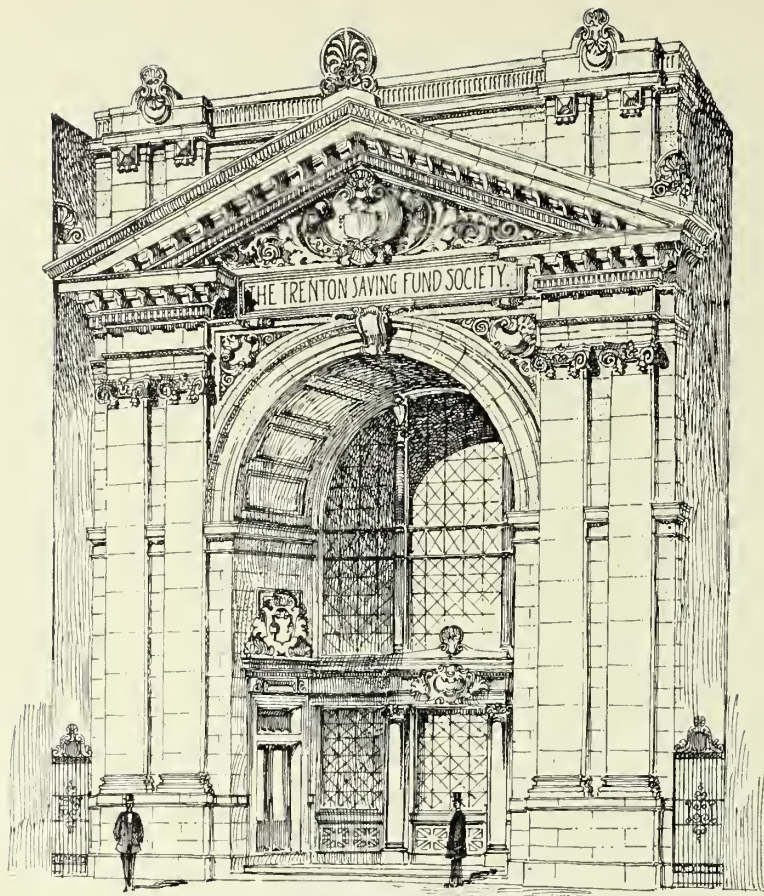
12 YEARS OF PROGRESS.



1900  
THE BROAD STREET NATIONAL BANK  
CORNER STATE AND MONTGOMERY STREETS

CAPITAL STOCK, \$250,000.  
SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS, \$95,767.

O. O. BOWMAN, President.  
WM. G. HOWELL, Vice-President.  
ROBT. J. BRACE, Cashier.



# The Trenton Saving Fund Society

123 E. STATE STREET, TRENTON, N. J.

FOUNDED MARCH 7, 1884.

WM. S. STRYKER, PRESIDENT.  
EDWARD H. STOKES, VICE-PRESIDENT.  
LEWIS PARKER, SECRETARY AND TREASURER.

## MANAGERS:

WILLIAM S. STRYKER,	GARRET D. W. VROOM,
SAMUEL K. WILSON,	WILLIAM H. SKIRM,
EDWARD H. STOKES,	WILLIAM M. LANNING,
JOHN S. CHAMBERS,	JAMES P. STEPHENS,
WILLIAM I. VANNEST,	WILLIAM S. HANCOCK,
ELMER EWING GREEN,	JOHN H. SCUDDER,
	ISAAC F. RICHEV.

*Deposits, \$3,300,000.*

*Surplus, 515,000.*

*January 1, 1900.*

# FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

TRENTON, N. J.

Depository of Public Moneys of United States, State of New Jersey and City of Trenton.

*Capital . . . . . \$ 500,000.*

*Surplus and Profits . . . . . 300,000.*

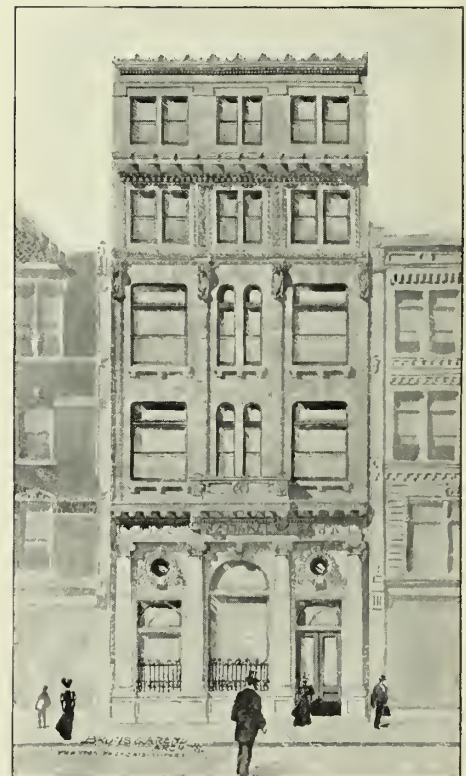
*Loans, Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc., 1,500,000.*

## OFFICERS:

JOHN H. SCUDDER, PRESIDENT.  
WILLIAM H. BROKAW, VICE-PRESIDENT.  
ARTHUR H. WOOD, CASHIER.

## DIRECTORS:

JOHN H. SCUDDER,	WILLIAM H. BROKAW,
WILLIAM I. VANNEST,	JOSEPH B. RICHARDSON,
GEORGE M. COMFORT,	HENRY C. CASE,
JONATHAN H. BLACKWELL,	RICHARD A. DONNELLY,
	WATSON H. LINBURG.







#### OFFICERS :

JOSEPH H. BRUERE, PRESIDENT.  
JOHN A. CAMPBELL, VICE-PRESIDENT.  
AUSTIN SNIDER, CASHIER.

#### DIRECTORS :

JOSEPH H. BRUERE,  
ABNER R. CHAMBERS,  
WILLIAM H. SKIRM,  
ELMER EWING GREEN,  
BENJAMIN F. LEE,  
HENRY W. GREEN,  
JOHN A. CAMPBELL,  
JOHN S. CHAMBERS,  
EDWARD S. MC ILVAINE.

### THE TRENTON BANKING COMPANY.



#### OFFICERS :

EDWARD C. STOKES, PRESIDENT.  
HENRY C. KELSEY, VICE-PRESIDENT.  
WILLIAM W. STELLE, CASHIER.  
JOSEPH R. SWEENEY, ASSISTANT CASHIER.

#### DIRECTORS :

WILLIAM M. LANNING,  
HENRY C. KELSEY,  
JOHN MOSES,  
FERDINAND W. ROEBLING,  
S. MEREDITH DICKINSON,  
JOSEPH RICE,  
JOHN D. RUE,  
EDWARD C. STOKES,  
ISAAC F. RICHEV.

STATEMENT DECEMBER 2, 1899.

RESOURCES : \$2,600,589.44.

#### LIABILITIES :

Capital Stock,	-	\$500,000.00
Surplus,	-	\$250,000.00
Undivided Profits,		
(net) 112,359.15		362,359.15
Circulation outstanding,		84,250.00
Individual Deposits,	-	1,357,334.29
Due to Banks,	-	296,646.00
		\$2,600,589.44

### THE MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK.

Offers to Banks and Individuals favoring it with their accounts, the guarantee of special care and promptitude in the transaction of business, secured by the ample responsibility indicated by the annexed statement.

DEPOSITS, JULY 1ST, 1899,  
\$1,901,404.11.



THE TRENTON TRUST AND SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY,  
26 AND 28 WEST STATE STREET, TRENTON, N. J.

OFFICERS :

HUGH H. HAMILL, PRESIDENT AND TRUST OFFICER.  
WASHINGTON A. ROEBLING, VICE-PRESIDENT. BARKER GUMMERE, JR., TREASURER.  
WILLIAM G. MOORE, CASHIER. ASA F. SKIRM, SECRETARY.

DIRECTORS :

HUGH H. HAMILL, OWEN H. LOCKE,  
BARKER GUMMERE, JR., LEVI B. RISDON,  
WASHINGTON A. ROEBLING, ALBERT CLAYTON,  
JOSEPH R. GASKILL, CHARLES HOWELL COOK,  
EDMUND C. HILL, THOMAS N. ADAMS,  
W. S. HANCOCK.

Acts as Receiver, Agent,  
Executor and Trustee.  
Becomes Surety.  
Pays interest on Deposits.  
Safes Rented.  
Income Collected.

# WEEKLY STATE GAZETTE.

# DAILY STATE GAZETTE.

Defy the Storm

Long Cuts in Short Pants

# Trenton Times

6,202  
SECOND DAY OF THE DILEO TRIAL

# POTTERS' JOURNAL

L.C. COUGLE - Researched Goods  
THE PENN. STATE  
NOW READY

J. C. Taboran  
Win. Attention

POTTERS' JOURNAL

J. O. B.  
EXPERTS  
Department

# Trenton Sunday Advertiser.

# Staats- New Jersey Journal.

# Trenton Sunday Courier.

Public Opinion.





## MANUFACTURING INTERESTS.

TRENTON as a manufacturing and commercial city is making rapid strides, and the year 1900 opens with a marked increase in activity, volume of business, and prosperity throughout this industrial centre. From statistics gathered direct from the owners of the numerous plants engaged in manufacturing pursuits, we find that nearly nine-tenths of the population of 70,000, which is largely made up of the working classes, are employed on full time, at good living wages; and the abundance of orders at prices in keeping with these prosperous times, promises to keep the majority of the plants taxed to their utmost capacity during the entire year. The character of these industrials are principally bridge building, structural iron work: copper, iron and steel wires and cables; heavy tool machinery, potteries and rubber mills. The Board of Trade in the foregoing pages particularly refer to the resources, and advantages of location of the city of Trenton, its close proximity to the cities of New York and Philadelphia: the Delaware River, Canals, and Railroads. Such transportation facilities are unquestionable. This fact is indisputable—when skilled labor is in predominance, the manufacturer with increase of business is in position to meet competition.

### IRON—WIRE AND CABLE INDUSTRIES—MACHINE SHOPS.

Among the important manufacturing industries which have built the city of Trenton, the four large iron plants should be specially named. First and foremost of these is the world-famed concern The John A. Roebling's Sons Company whose founder designed the Brooklyn Bridge. This Company is closely identified with the progress of the city, and has upwards of \$7,000,000 invested, employs over 4,000 men and boys, and makes an output of approximately \$6,000,000 yearly. Here are manufactured iron, steel and copper wire rope, wire lath for fire-proof construction and wire rope for inclined planes, suspension bridges, heavy hoisting for stays and guys, cranes and shears, lightning conductors, telegraph and electric light and power wires, cables, etc., etc. Two other concerns, The Trenton Iron and The New Jersey Steel and Iron Companies, employing another 2,000 men, do an extensive business, the former manufacturing iron and steel wire and cables, the latter making material for bridge building, structural iron work, castings and forgings. These two concerns have another \$2,000,000 invested and have an output of \$2,000,000. Also located here is The Trenton Malleable Iron Company whose product of malleable grey castings from refined furnace iron, the quality of which has established a reputation as a standard.

This diversified industry of the iron worker extends to eighteen well equipped machine shops and foundries, employing a large number of skilled mechanics in the production of saws, chains, boilers, engines, motors, machinery for marine work, and shafting. Complete outfits for steamboats, yachts, tow boats, passenger and freight steamers, some of which are exported to South America, Cuba, Alaska and the Klondyke Region.

Others are engaged in the erection and equipment of all kinds of pottery machinery, rubber, tile and brick apparatus, while still another class make cast iron columns, girders, charcoal sinking furnaces, pulleys, hangers, meat cutting and iron drawing machines.

These shops give employment to nearly 4,000 hands, and have invested over \$1,000,000 more capital and produce annually \$2,000,000 of finished work and repairs.

The combined investment of all these manufacturers is estimated at \$10,000,000; have a market for \$10,000,000 of product, and give employment to 10,000 working men.

### BREWERIES.

There are four large breweries and an ice plant established in Trenton. The combined capacity of the breweries being over 350,000 barrels of beer annually, and the ice plant makes 150 tons daily of artificial ice. The capital invested in this industry is close to \$3,000,000.



## POTTERIES.

As early as the year 1816 works for the production of porcelain and pottery were established in New Jersey. Some years later a number of potteries were started in Trenton owing to its geographical location and transportation facilities, and to these, many varied branches of the art of manufacture of useful and ornamental vessels, bricks, tiles and other productions, until to-day Trenton is by far the most important pottery centre in the continent. It is the Staffordshire of America. Forty complete plants, the capacity of each indicated by the number of kilns, nearly all of which are located directly on canals and railroads, give a most interesting effect to the town. Here are employed some 15,000 men, women, girls and boys actively engaged in making a product \$10,000,000 of which is sent out of Trenton annually. The quality and variety of the decorations, especially in Dinner and Toilet Wares have a grace and finish that has forced the foreigners to change their old and heavy methods of decoration, and in numerous instances the foreign manufacturers have directly copied American shapes and designs. In order to give a comprehensive idea of the separate and distinct lines of this industry, potteries may be classified under 8 headings or grades:

1. Vitrified China. 2. Beleck China. 3. Semi-Porcelain. 4. C. C. and White Granite Ware. 5. Sanitary Earthenware. 6. Vitrified Porcelain for Electrical Work. 7. Porcelain Bath Tubs and Tiles. 8. Terra Cotta, Drain Pipes and Bricks.

During the past few years the Sanitary Earthenware and Porcelain Bath Tubs have almost entirely supplanted the imported ware and these concerns do a large export business. These companies have already arranged for elaborate displays in the coming Paris Exposition.

The process of manufacture of crockery ware is long and tedious, attended with many risks. Each piece having to pass through over forty different hands from the day started to the finished article ready for shipment. It takes on an average of about six weeks to bring a given quantity of ware through the kilns, and the risk in firing or burning the ware is considerable, and a mistake in the kilns, or error in judgment as to amount of heat required, the knowledge of which is only acquired through experience, results in an absolute loss, since the damaged ware cannot be used a second time. The capital invested in the pottery industry in Trenton amounts to about \$7,000,000 which is turned over about 1½ times a year. An important feature is railroad facility for transporting coal from the mines of Pennsylvania. Also the local crude common clays form an important item in the manufacture, in the making of the saggars or cases in which the ware is fired. Assagger clay and coal are the two largest items of expense the advantage of location is paramount. Several of the concerns do a fine decorating business in Ceramic Art Work, designing Steins, Tankards, Loving Cups, Souvenirs, Umbrella Handles and specialties for metal workers. This year promises to be the most prosperous one for this industry that Trenton has yet seen, and when the potteries are busy the whole town is benefitted.

## RUBBER MILLS.

There are more rubber manufacturing concerns in Trenton than in any other city in the country. The ten principal companies with their extensive plants constitute one of the most important industries of the city. These mills are engaged almost exclusively in the manufacture of mechanical rubber goods. This product largely consists of hose, belting, packing, gaskets, valves, springs, tubing, bicycle tires, automobile tires, corrugated matting, step treads, moulded matting, embossed carpeting and rubber goods for railway, steamship, mining and fire department purposes. The companies have salesrooms in the principal cities and do a large export business. The transportation facilities are excellent and the mills exceptionally well located for the purpose. The capital invested is between \$2,500,000 and \$3,000,000 and the yearly sales approximate \$4,000,000.

## SCHOOL AND CHURCH FURNITURE.

Factory for making hygienic school desks and seats, and all kinds of school and church furniture. This is the only hardwood lumber manufacturing establishment in the city.

## LAMPS.

One of the largest, if not the largest lamp manufacturing company, is located here. There are four concerns making parlor, vase, banquet, library, hall and sewing lamps. Many of these are handsomely decorated, and find sale in the large department stores throughout the country. In addition to making the metal work, the artistic painting and decorating work required for the finest trade are executed by the factories. The capital invested is about \$400,000.

## BRASS MANUFACTURERS AND HARDWARE.

The principal concern engaged in this industry makes a specialty of all kinds of brass work for plumbers, and electrical goods. They make brass castings and do a general jobbing business. Electrical supplies such as switches, strain-ears, cross-overs, feed wire connectors and trolley wheels. The capital invested is about \$100,000. An important manufacturing establishment does a large business in builders' hardware, making locks, knobs, bronze and brass castings, and electro-plating.

## LUMBER.

There are six concerns comprising this industry. Extensive yards, commodious sheds, railroad and canal facilities for shipment have extended this business. The magnitude may be judged from the fact that nearly 40,000,000 feet of lumber of all kinds and grades are handled yearly. The capital invested is approximately \$300,000.

## WOOLEN GOODS MANUFACTURING.

There are three important mills following this pursuit, giving steady employment to a large number of hands. The capital is approximately \$500,000.

## WATCH MAKING.

One large factory well equipped with modern appliances for the making of watches. The specialty is constructing the works for watches, cyclometers, etc. This concern does a large business throughout the United States, and is fast building up an extensive foreign trade.

## OIL CLOTH MANUFACTURING.

One of the largest enterprises in the city is the extensive plant located in East Trenton, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, namely, the oil cloth and linoleum works. Here are made table and carriage oil cloths, and linoleums. This product finds a market throughout the United States, and the business is fast becoming one of the most important in the city of Trenton.

## STORAGE WAREHOUSE.

The Trenton Cold Storage Company is the only one in Trenton. It is a large three-story building, 50 feet frontage and 150 feet in depth, fully equipped for dry and cold storage.

## CRACKER MANUFACTURING.

The famous Trenton Cracker is made here, a number of important concerns being engaged in the business. The yearly output is enormous. These concerns all make cracker dust for frying and baking and derive considerable business from this source. The capital invested is about \$100,000.

## CARRIAGE AND WAGON BUILDING.

Several large business places are engaged in this business but devote their work mainly to local trade. Capital invested, about \$50,000.

## ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT.

Sufficient for the demand of the city and the manufacturing plants, supplying arc and incandescent light and furnishing power to motors by meter measurement. The capital invested being nearly \$250,000.

# MANUFACTURING AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS.

The following classification represents the principal business interests and industries of the city of Trenton :

Agricultural Works,	Fertilizers,	Oil,
Architects,	Fire Brick Manufacturers,	Paints,
Anvil Works,	Fish and Oysters,	Paper Bags and Boxes,
Attorneys-at-law,	Flint and Spar Mills,	Paper-hangers,
Awnings,	Florists and Seedmen,	Pattern Makers,
Banks,	Flour and Feed,	Photographers,
Bakeries,	Flour Mills,	Pork Packers,
Bedding and Mattresses,	Foundries,	Potteries,
Belting,	Furniture,	Pottery Supplies,
Bicycles,	Granite Works,	Poultry,
Boiler Makers,	Groceries,	Printers,
Book Binders,	Hardware,	Produce,
Boots and Shoes,	Harness,	Retail Stores,
Bottlers,	Hotels,	Real Estate,
Box Manufacturers,	Heaters and Ranges,	Rubber Mills,
Brass Foundries,	Insurance, Fire and Life,	Saw Works,
Breweries,	Iron Works,	Saloons,
Brick Manufacturers,	Jewelers,	Shirt Factories,
Brokers,	Junk Dealers,	Storage Warehouses,
Broom Manufacturers,	Knob Factories,	Savings Funds,
Cabinet Makers,	Lamp Factories,	Stenographers,
Canning,	Laundries,	Tinsmiths,
Carpet Weavers,	Livery Stables,	Tiles,
Carpenters and Builders,	Locksmiths,	Telegraph Companies,
Carriage and Wagon Works,	Lumber,	Telephone Companies,
Chair Works,	Machinery,	Transportation Companies,
Cigars,	Machinists,	Trust Companies,
Clothing,	Mantel,	Tool Manufacturers,
Confectioners,	Malleable Iron,	Undertakers,
Cracker Bakers,	Manufacturers' Supplies,	Upholsterers,
Crockery and Glassware,	Marble,	Veterinary Surgeons,
Decorators,	Merchant Tailors,	Watch Factory,
Dyers and Scourers,	Milk Dealers,	Wheelwrights,
Electrical Contractors,	Musical Instruments,	Wire Works,
Embalmers,	Newsdealers and books,	Wire Cloth Manufacturers,
Engravers,	Notions,	Woolen Mills,
Express Companies,	Oil Cloth Works,	Wholesale Stores.

Sixty-one different manufacturing industries, comprising two hundred and twenty-one separate and distinct concerns, are engaged in the above pursuits, representing an aggregate investment of over \$25,000,000 capital. Over 3,000 places of business, including Architects, Bankers, Brokers, Blacksmiths, Boot and Shoe Dealers, Butchers, Bakers, Grocers, Cigar Dealers, Confectioners, Druggists, Engineers, Engravers, Florists, Hardware Dealers, Insurance, Real Estate, etc., etc.



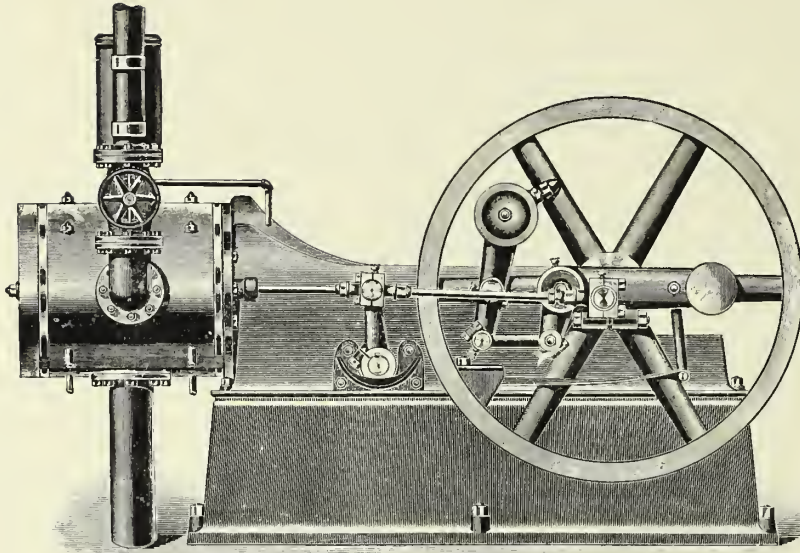


IRON  
WIRE AND CABLE  
INDUSTRIES

# REEVES MACHINE COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF COMPOUND ENGINES.

## TWO POINTS OF VALUE.

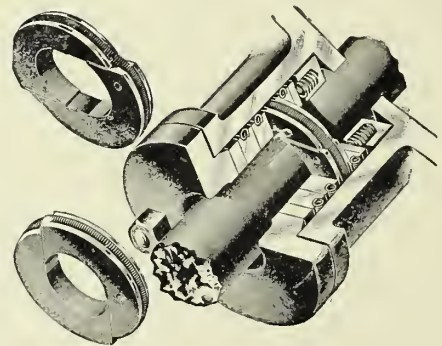


NO RECEIVER—CONSTANT COMPRESSION.

The REEVES COMPOUND ENGINES have two points of value found only in their engines: NO RECEIVER to expand steam uselessly, CONSTANT COMPRESSION for all loads. This is fixed at the correct point for best results and does not vary with changing load. It gives Corliss economy without its complicated valve gear. It is the engine that saves money for the man who pays the coal bills.

## BECAUSE

- It is all bronze—no babbitt or fibre.
- It will go in any stuffing box meant for fibre packing.
- It can be put in place or renewed without taking down rod if necessary.
- It will pack any scored rod if there is no shoulder in it.
- It will pack any valve stem, reciprocating or oscillating.
- It has only one-ninth the friction of fibre packing.
- It has no equal.



HARTHAN'S METALLIC PACKING.

REEVES MACHINE COMPANY.

TRENTON, NEW JERSEY.





## THE TRENTON MALLEABLE IRON COMPANY.

MALLEABLE CASTINGS FROM REFINED AIR FURNACE IRON.

IN reviewing the interests of the city, the large concerns employing skilled labor, and whose productions are to be found in all portions of the Middle States, naturally claim special attention, and in this respect we refer with pride to the plant of the Trenton Malleable Iron Company, whose works are located on New York Avenue. This company was incorporated in 1890, with a capital of \$150,000. The entire plant occupies four acres, on which are erected buildings which cover 62,400 square feet of floor space. No better equipped plant can be found in the country, having everything modern in buildings and improvements, and up to date machinery and appliances. The company have one cupola and two air furnaces for melting metal in the production of their output. These furnaces are known as reverberatory furnaces, melting and refining iron at the same time, and are superior to cupolas. They have a capacity of fifty tons a day. This company manufactures malleable iron and grey iron castings. Malleable iron is a casting of superior quality, which, by the process of annealing, is made into wrought iron, and by its use the cost is reduced, but castings fully as good as wrought iron are secured, and the same as though they were made by hammer. These castings give greater strength, but far less weight. They turn out all kinds of special castings, a large proportion being railroad work used in making steam and street cars. No company in the city is provided with better shipping facilities, they having four sidings, two each on the Pennsylvania and the Philadelphia & Reading railroads, besides being near the canal. The present capacity of the plant is capable of producing an immense annual output, and during the recent boom in the iron interests, have kept pace with the times, received and handled their share of increased business without disappointment to their customers. One of the specialties of this company is "Atlas Metal," a product standing mid-way between grey cast iron and steel, and embraces the best characteristics of both. The metal is homogeneous and treats thoroughly, is uniform in quality throughout, regardless of the thickness of the casting. It machines easily, taking a high polish, and its wearing qualities are about three times that of cast iron, and twice that of steel. The company is gratified and surprised at the possibilities of, and the field of usefulness for this metal, their best endorsement being the constant duplication of orders. The officers of the company are Richard C. Oliphant, President; Alexander C. Oliphant, Vice President, and Josiah Hollis, Secretary and Treasurer.



## DUNCAN MACKENZIE, UNION IRON WORKS.

THIS business had its inception in 1864 under the firm name Thropp, Mackenzie and Wilkes. In 1878 it became Mackenzie and Wilkes. In 1884 Mackenzie bought Wilkes' interest, and continued the original business, enlarging the foundry to 20 tons per day, nearly three times its former capacity. The property extends from Canal to Clark Street, and from Hamilton Avenue 250 feet adjoining the works of John A. Roeblings Sons' Co. The heaviest kind of work may be done, since the shops are equipped with the largest tools in the city. Six cranes, capacity 10 tons each, and the finest assortment of gear-wheel patterns in the State, among which are the famous wheel patterns of the old Phoenix Iron Company, accumulated during a career of 36 years of business opportunity and progression.

The product of the company consists of wet and dry grinding mills for potteries, brick-yards, steel



plants and cement works ; wire drawing benches and machinery for wire mills, annealing pots and furnaces for annealing wire ; odorless excavating machines, and the "Eclipse" meat cutting machine. Also engines, boilers, cast iron girders, columns, charcoal sinking furnaces, shafting, hangers, pulleys and all kinds of pottery and rubber mill machinery.

Mr. Mackenzie has associated with him his three sons, Joseph W., Duncan A., and Thomas A., and his daughter Margaret ; who are to be his successors under the firm name Duncan Mackenzie Sons' Co.

Located directly on the canal and Pennsylvania Railroad, with siding in yard, carloads of machinery and castings are constantly shipped to all parts of the country to the satisfaction of their customers.





## JOHN E. THROPP & SONS' CO.

THIS Company had its beginning in a small way twenty years ago when John E. Thropp, Sr., withdrawing from the firm of Thropp, Mackenzie & Wilkes, established a machine works on Lewis Street. Fair dealing and skillful workmanship served to build up a large business until, in 1894, it attained the dignity of a first-class corporation under the above name. The Company's plant is one of the best equipped in the State, and its output in workmanship, design and material bears comparison with any.

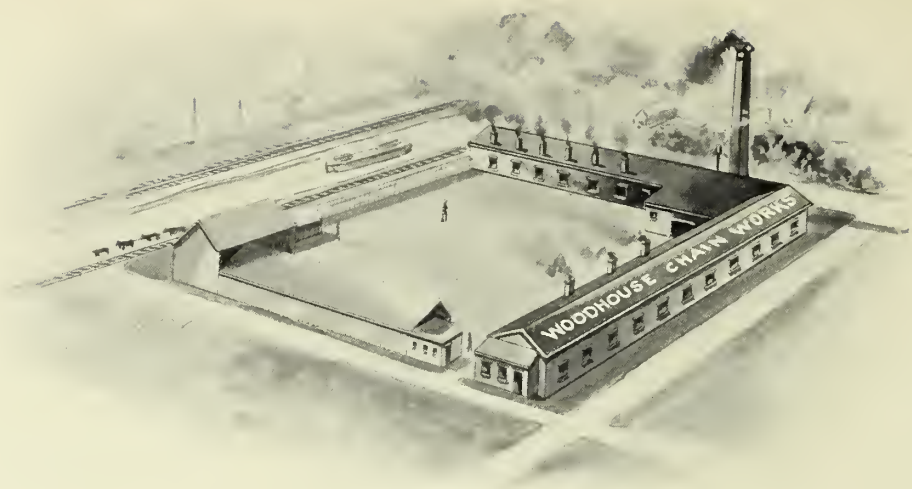
The fame of the Thropp marine and stationary engines and boilers is a guarantee of their superiority. The company also makes machinery for the use of the rubber and pottery trades in all their branches, cement and rock pulverizing machinery and, in fact, all classes of machine work.

The equipment of the plant consists of a large foundry fitted for making light and heavy castings of all kinds, a brass foundry similarly furnished, a boiler works equipped with modern machinery for the manufacture of boilers, stacks, tanks and all kinds of wrought iron work, a blacksmith shop with steam hammers and furnaces adapted to the making of all kinds of light and heavy forgings. The long business career of the company has enabled it to accumulate the largest stock of patterns adapted to every use in this section of the country.

The superiority of the Thropp Company's product, the long practical experience of its members in all branches of machine work, and the integrity of its business dealings have placed the company deservedly in a permanent place with the best business houses of the State.

The officers of the company are John E. Thropp, President; John E. Thropp, Jr., Vice-President and General Manager; Peter D. Thropp, Secretary; Thomas H. Thropp, Treasurer, and Frank W. Thropp, Superintendent.



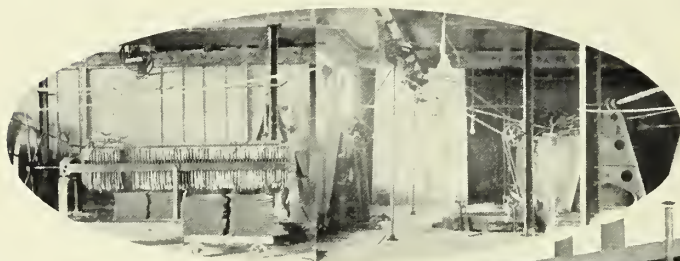


## WOODHOUSE CHAIN WORKS.

WILLIAM WOODHOUSE, PROPRIETOR.

This business was established September 15th, 1884, by the present owner, and is devoted exclusively to the manufacture of Chains of every description. Their specialty is the making of Crane and Dredging Machinery Chains, also Traces, Butt Chains, Cow Ties, Heel Chains, Stage Traces, Snaps, Clips, Tailboard Chains, and all kinds of polished goods to sample. This product has the reputation of being standard, and all the employees are practical chain makers; probably the best working force of any chain manufactory in the country.

POTTER'S SLIP HOUSE PLANT—ONE OF OUR SPECIALTIES.



The **CROSSLEY**  
MANUFACTURING COMPANY,  
— INCORPORATED —

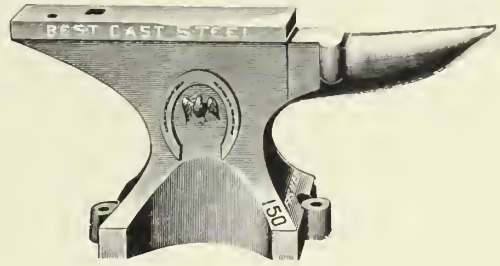
CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS  
FOR THE  
ERECTION & EQUIPMENT OF POTTERY  
TILE, BRICK & RUBBER PLANTS  
+  
GENERAL FOUNDRY &  
MACHINE WORK

ESTABLISHED 1843.

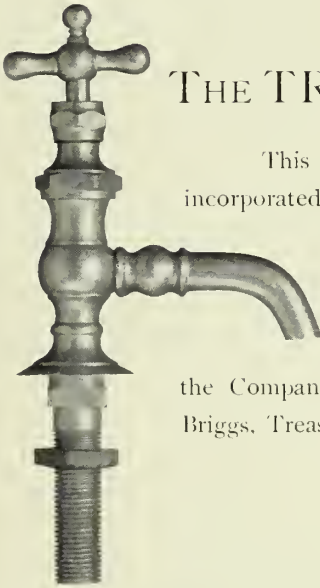
## EAGLE ANVIL WORKS.

FAIR STREET, ON THE DELAWARE RIVER,  
TRENTON, N. J.,

Manufacture the Eagle Anvils, Double Screw  
Parallel Vises and Fisher's Patent Rail Joints.



CLARK FISHER, PROPRIETOR.



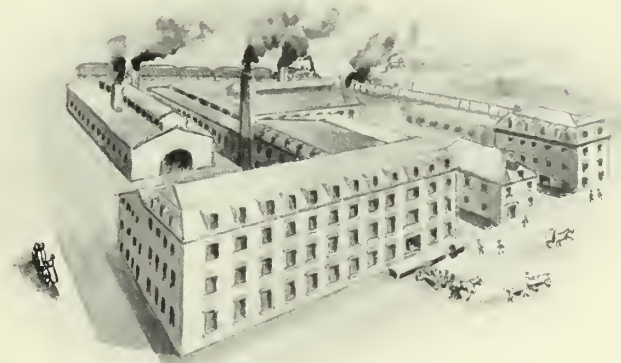
## THE TRENTON BRASS AND MACHINE CO.

This Company, formerly known as the Hemacite Manufacturing Company, was incorporated June 4th, 1891, with a capital of twenty-five thousand dollars. On October 27th, 1899, the name was changed to The Trenton Brass and Machine Company, and the capital increased to one hundred thousand dollars. The product consists of Brass, Bronze and Composition Castings, Plumbers' Brass Goods, Electroplaters, etc. The officers of the Company are F. W. Roebeling, President; W. H. Gandy, Secretary; Frank O. Briggs, Treasurer; Wm. H. Knowles, Manager.

## SKILLMAN HARDWARE M'FG CO.

TRENTON, NEW JERSEY.

Manufacturers of Fine Builders' Hardware,  
Locks, Knobs, etc. Bronze and Brass Cast-  
ings made to order. Electro-plating in all its  
branches a specialty.





WORKS AT TRENTON, N. J.

## THE ROEBLING SYSTEM REPRESENTS THE HIGHEST DEVELOPMENT IN FIRE PROOF CONSTRUCTION.

Highest efficiency in New York Building Department Tests. Secures lowest rate of insurance. The ROEBLING Standard Wire Lath with the woven-in rib is used exclusively in this system. Catalogues and price lists on application.

### THE ROEBLING CONSTRUCTION CO.,

BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, PITTSBURG, BUFFALO,  
CLEVELAND, CHICAGO, SAN FRANCISCO.

121 LIBERTY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



## AMERICAN SAW COMPANY,

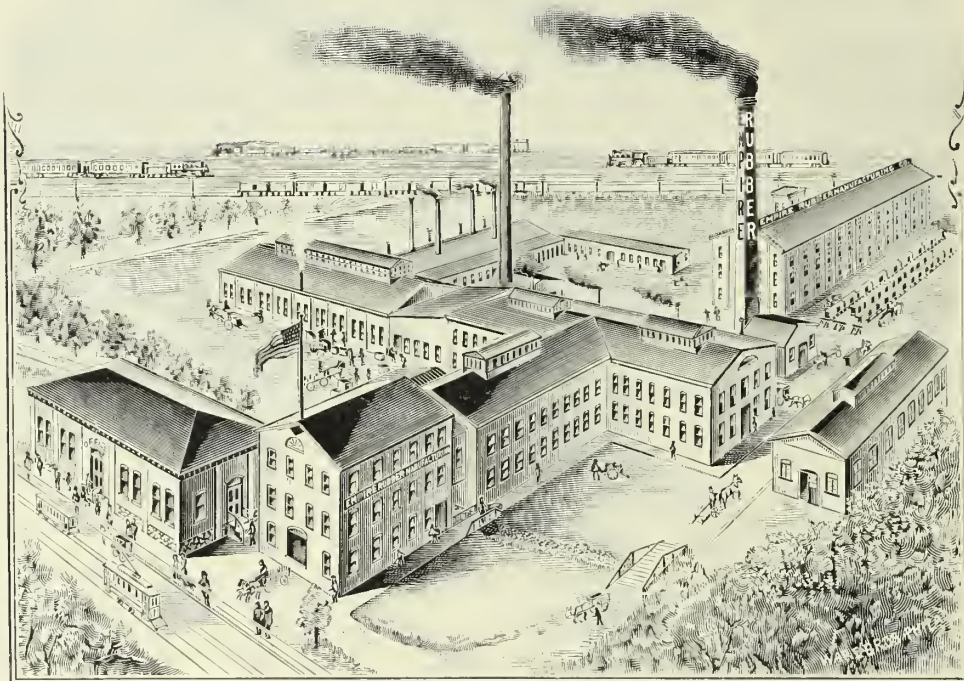
TRENTON, NEW JERSEY.

C. UPHAM ELY, PRESIDENT. SAMUEL W. PUTNAM, VICE-PRESIDENT AND TREASURER.  
ALFRED L. ECCLES, SECRETARY. MOSES H. GOULDING, SUPERINTENDENT.

Manufacturers of Band, Circular, Gang and Cross-cut Saws, Grinding and Buffing Machines, and the celebrated "Alligator" and "Curtis" Pipe Wrenches.



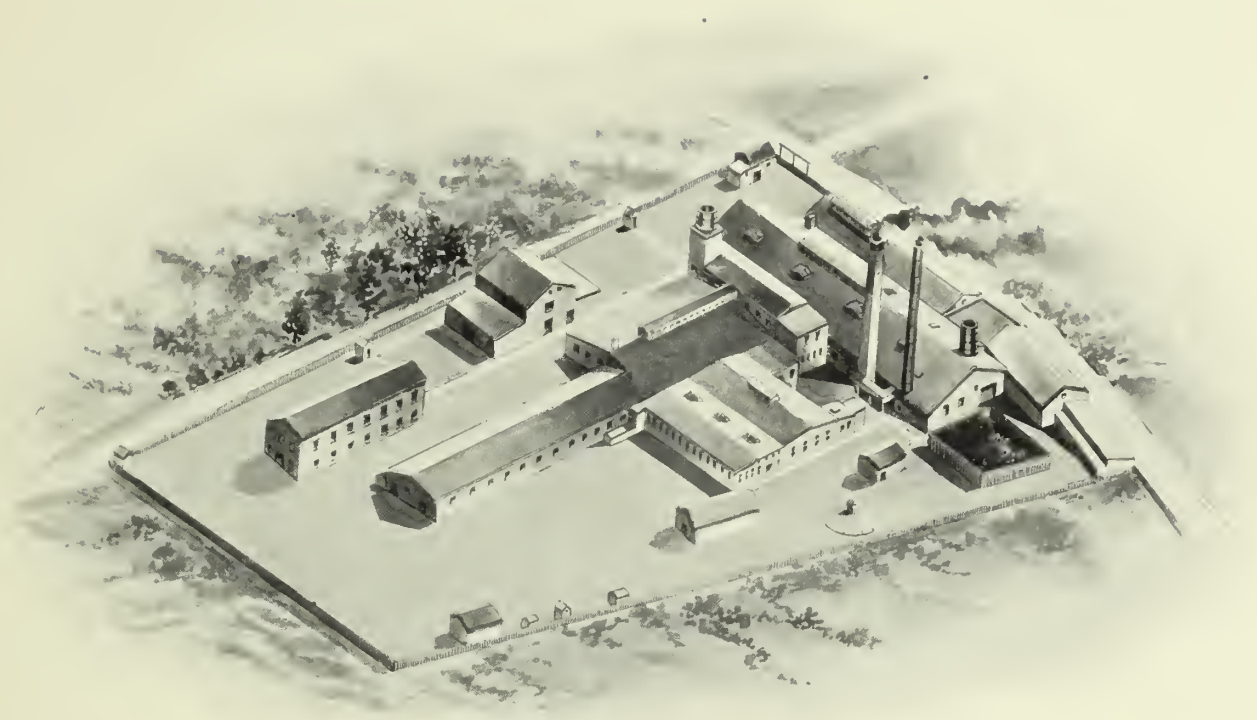
RUBBER  
INDUSTRIES.



## EMPIRE RUBBER MANUFACTURING CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

THE works and water-power lands of this company comprise twenty-seven acres, advantageously situated for the manufacturing of mechanical rubber goods of every description. The transportation facilities are excellent and their output finds a market all over the world. The company is represented by a Chicago store, 183 E. Lake street, and a New York store, 88-90 Reade street. Among the principal articles made may be mentioned Cotton Rubber Lined Fire Hose, Cotton Rubber Lined Mill and Garden Hose, Rubber Belting, Packing, Gaskets, Valves, Rubber Thread, Fruit Jar Rings, Embossed Carriage Drills, Ducks, Flocks, Rubber Mats, Bicycle Tires, etc. The personnel of the Company consists of Hon. William H. Skirm, President; George R. Cook, Treasurer and General Manager, and W. H. Skirm, Jr., Secretary.



## MERCER RUBBER COMPANY.

INCORPORATED 1870.

P. O. Address, Trenton, N. J.

Works at Hamilton Square, N. J.

MANUFACTURERS OF RUBBER GOODS FOR MECHANICAL PURPOSES.

Makers of the highest grades of Pure Para Belting, Pure Para Steam, Fire, Suction, Water and Air Brake Hose. Our duck is woven expressly for these goods, and time guarantees given with branded dates. We also make a specialty of Valves, Fruit Jar Rings, Pure Gum, Cord, Perforated Mats and Matting. Our Garnet Sheet Packing is unsurpassed by anything on the market—soft and tenacious—compound not affected by heat. Tubing, Wringer Rolls, C. I. Gaskets and Rings of all kinds. Kindly write for catalogue.





## UNITED AND GLOBE RUBBER MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.

The Main Office and Factories of this concern are in Trenton, Branch Offices are located at No. 26 Broadway, New York City; Monadnock Building, Chicago, and Security Building, St. Louis. The officers are W. H. Linburg, President; Welling G. Sickel, Vice-President; A. C. Oliphant, Treasurer, and John S. Broughton, Secretary. The output consists of Belting, Packing, Hose, Valves, Springs, Corrugated Matting, Perforated Mats, Mechanical Rubber Goods of all kinds; being sole manufacturers of the "Safety" brand of Air-Brake, Steam and Water Hose for Railway Use. The manufacturing facilities and reputation of this concern are so well known throughout the country that further elaboration is unnecessary.

THE WORKS OF  
THE HAMILTON RUBBER MANUFACTURING  
COMPANY.



THE SOURCE OF HAMILTON MADE GOODS.

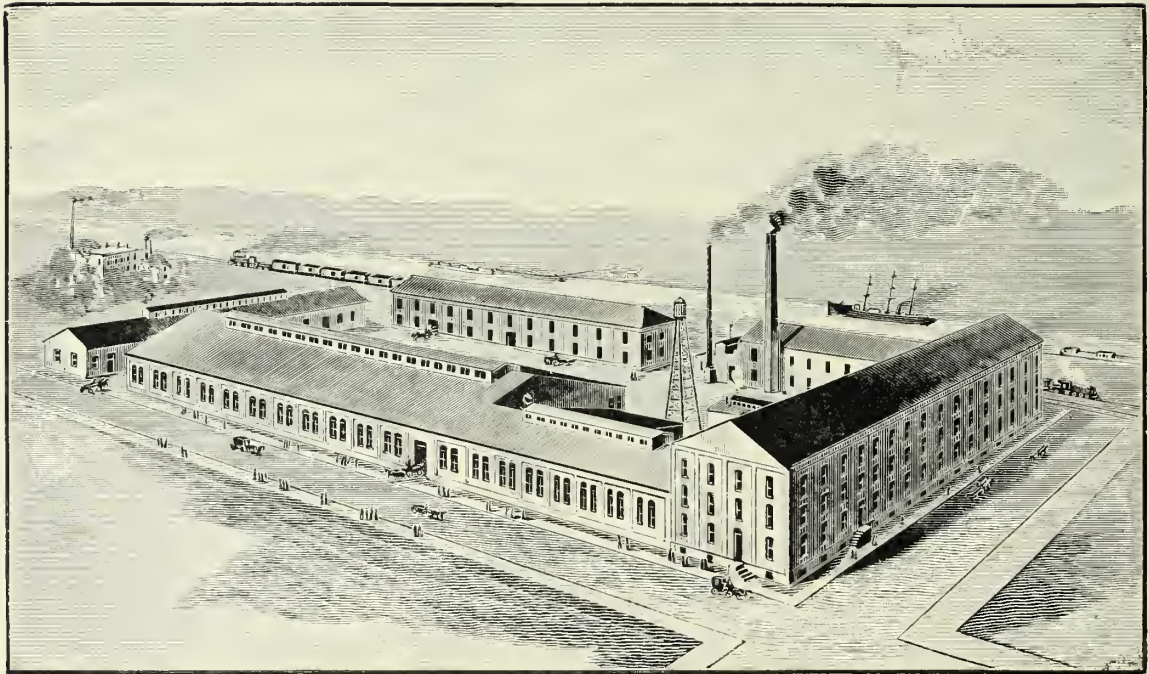
NEW YORK CITY,  
24 Park Place.  
PHILADELPHIA,  
241 Chestnut Street.  
PITTSBURG,  
432 Fourth Avenue.  
CHICAGO,  
56 Fifth Avenue.

Address all communications to

HAMILTON RUBBER MFG. CO.,  
TRENTON, N. J.

# HOME RUBBER COMPANY.

TRENTON, NEW JERSEY.



Manufacturers of highest grades of Mechanical Rubber Goods, Hose, Belting, Packing, etc. One of our specialties is the famous Red Rose Sheet Packing.

W. J. B. STOKES, PRESIDENT.  
J. O. STOKES, SECRETARY AND TREASURER.  
CHARLES E. STOKES, SUPERINTENDENT.

NEW YORK OFFICE AND WAREROOM,  
80-82 Reade Street.  
CHICAGO STORE,  
165 Lake Street.

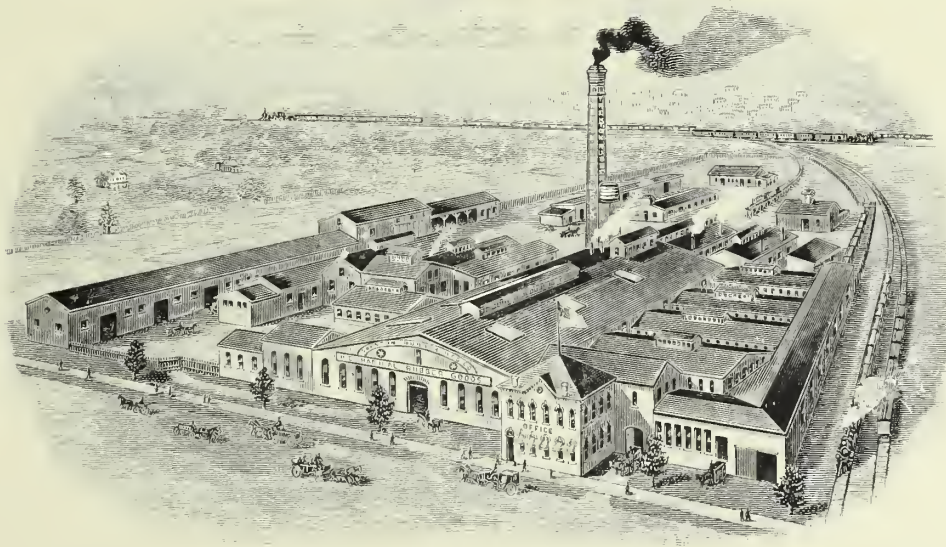




## JOSEPH STOKES RUBBER COMPANY.

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE, MILL AND GARDEN HOSE.

A mill fully equipped to make the most complete line of Cotton Rubber Lined Hose ever made, with the largest capacity of any mill in the country. Looms of the latest and most approved patterns of their own construction. This concern is prepared to make weave for other manufacturers. In addition to making Hose, this mill produces a superior grade of Mechanical Rubber Goods, Rubber Shoe Soles, etc., etc. The officers are Charles E. Stokes, President; Ernest E. Buckleton, General Manager, and H. L. Boyer, Superintendent. The New York office is 80-82 Reade Street.



## TRENTON RUBBER MANUFACTURING CO.

RUBBER BELTING.

EDWARD H. GARCIN, GENERAL MANAGER.

NEW YORK, 20 WARREN STREET.  
ST. LOUIS, LACLEDE BUILDING.

CHICAGO, 53 SOUTH CANAL STREET.  
PITTSBURG, 326 4TH AVENUE.



## CRESCENT BELTING AND PACKING COMPANY.

MANUFACTURERS OF MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS.

The above corporation was organized August 3d, 1891, as the Crescent Insulated Wire and Cable Company, and continued as such until November, 1897, when the business of manufacturing mechanical rubber goods was added and the name changed to the Crescent Belting and Packing Company. The principal kinds of rubber goods made are Rubber Belting, Hose, Packing, Gaskets, Valves, Tubing, Wagon Springs, Corrugated Rubber Matting, Pressed and Perforated Mats, Bicycle Tires and high grade Rubber Covered Wires and Cables of every description. This firm has made a leader of their "Royal Flush Zigzag Stitched Belt." The company is represented in New York City at No. 53 Murray Street, and in Boston at No. 7 Arch Street. The capital invested is \$100,000, and the officers are John J. Miller, President; C. Edward Murray, Treasurer, and G. L. Wallington, Secretary.

# POTTERIES





MADDOCK POTTERY CO., "LAMBERTON WORKS."



MADDOCK POTTERY CO.,      MANUFACTURERS,      LAMBERTON CHINA.

DAINTY DINNER SETS FOR HOME USE.  
ROLLED EDGE CRINA FOR HOTEL USE.  
ROYAL PORCELAIN DINNER, TEA AND TOILET WARE,  
JARDINIERS, TABOURETS, UMBRELLA STANDS, ETC.

M  
CHINA  
L

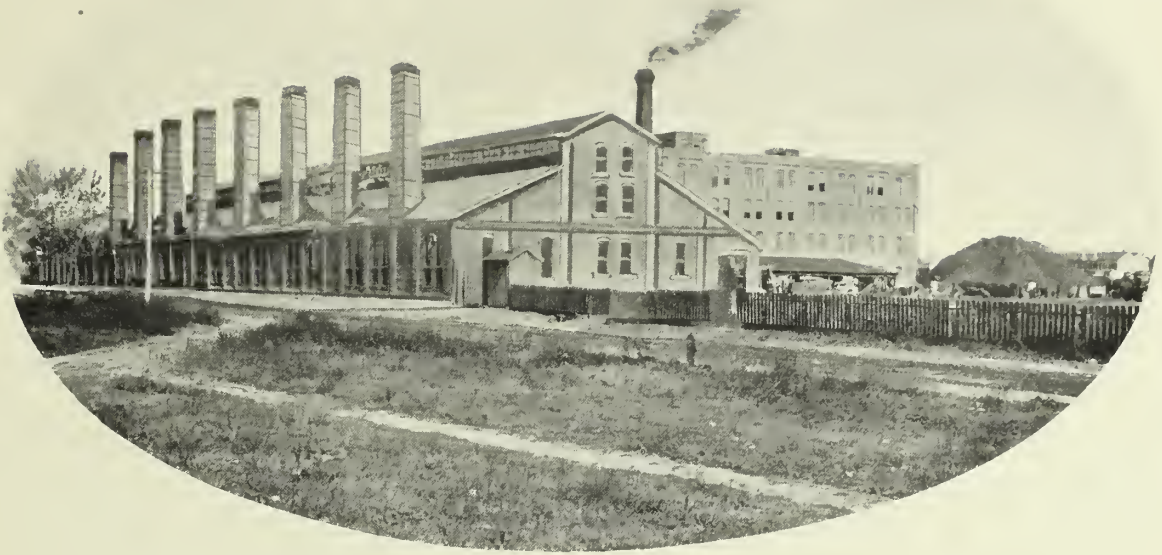
STAMP ON WHITE CHINA.



STAMP ON SEMI PORCELAIN.



STAMP ON DECORATED CHINA.



SOUTH-WEST VIEW.



NORTH-EAST VIEW.

TRENTON FIRE CLAY AND PORCELAIN COMPANY,  
TRENTON, NEW JERSEY.



# THE TRENTON POTTERIES COMPANY, TRENTON, NEW JERSEY.

THE LARGEST SANITARY EARTHENWARE MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD.

PLUMBERS' SANITARY WARE DEPARTMENT, VIZ. : Syphon Jets and Hoppers, Wash-outs and Pedestals, Basins and Urinals, Crockery Flush Tanks, in Regular Ware and also Vitreous China.

SOLID PORCELAIN BATH AND LAUNDRY DEPARTMENT. Bath and Laundry Tubs, Kitchen, Pantry and Slop Sinks, Lavatories, Foot and Seat Baths, etc., etc.

RAILWAY AND STEAMSHIP DEPARTMENT, VIZ. : Closets, Hoppers, Urinals and Basins for Cars, Steamships and Yachts.

Also large producers of GENERAL WARE AND SPECIALTIES, VIZ. : Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets, Umbrella Stands, Pedestals and Jardinieres.

Also W. G. and Semi-Granite Ware (full line). Vitrified China. Druggists' Sundries and Hospital Requisites.

All the above either plain white or decorated.

## THE TRENTON POTTERIES COMPANY.

D. K. BAYNE, PRESIDENT.

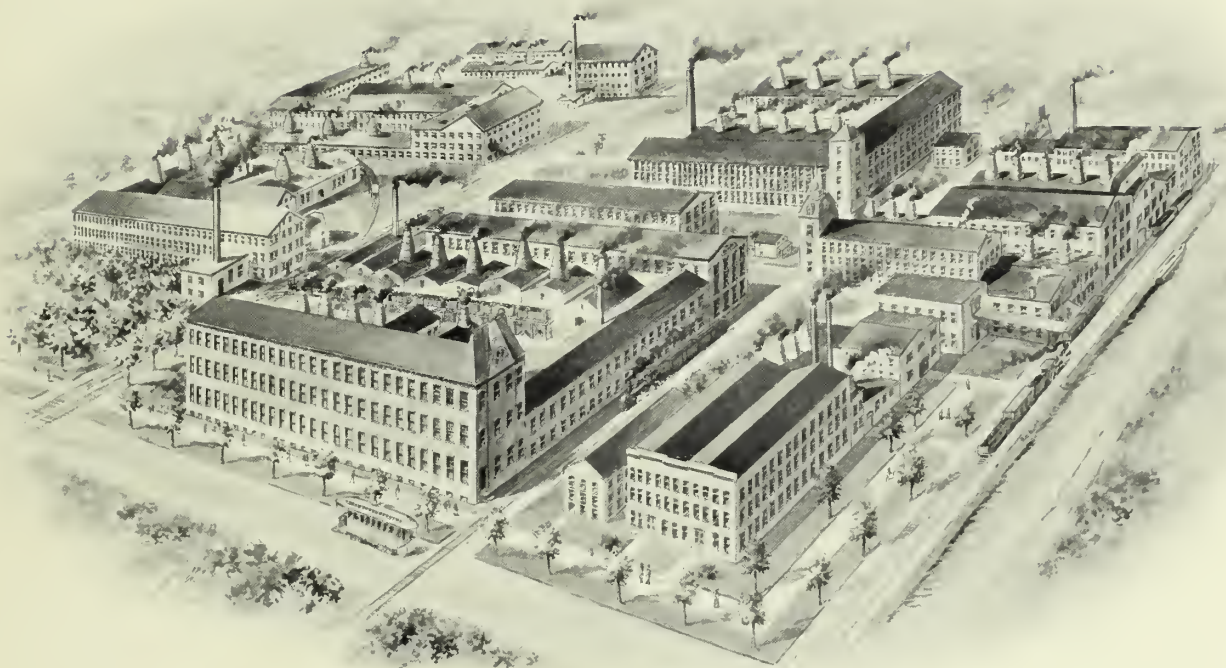
WM. S. HANCOCK, VICE-PRESIDENT.

J. A. CAMPBELL, GENERAL MANAGER.

C. E. LAWTON, SECRETARY AND TREASURER.

E. C. STOVER, ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER.





ENTERPRISE POTTERY  
EQUITABLE POTTERY

DELAWARE POTTERY  
EMPIRE POTTERY

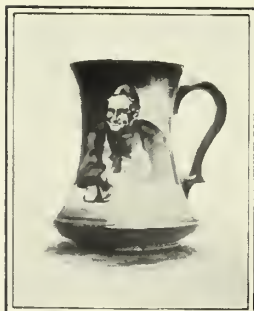
CRESCENT POTTERY  
IDEAL POTTERY

THE TRENTON POTTERIES COMPANY,  
TRENTON, NEW JERSEY.



## MORRIS & WILLMORE.

COLUMBIAN ART POTTERY.



Established in 1892. Manufacturers of Fine Ceramic Art Productions. Expert decorators of Steins, Tankards, Loving-cups, Jardinieres, Umbrella Handles, Souvenirs, Vases and Specialties for Metal Workers. This company has made itself a reputation among the potters for its execution of most difficult pieces, together with tasteful and artistic workmanship on fine Belleek and Ivory Porcelain. The firm is composed of W. T. Morris and F. R. Willmore, each of whom has had a long and successful experience in arts of modeling and decorating.



FRONT VIEW.



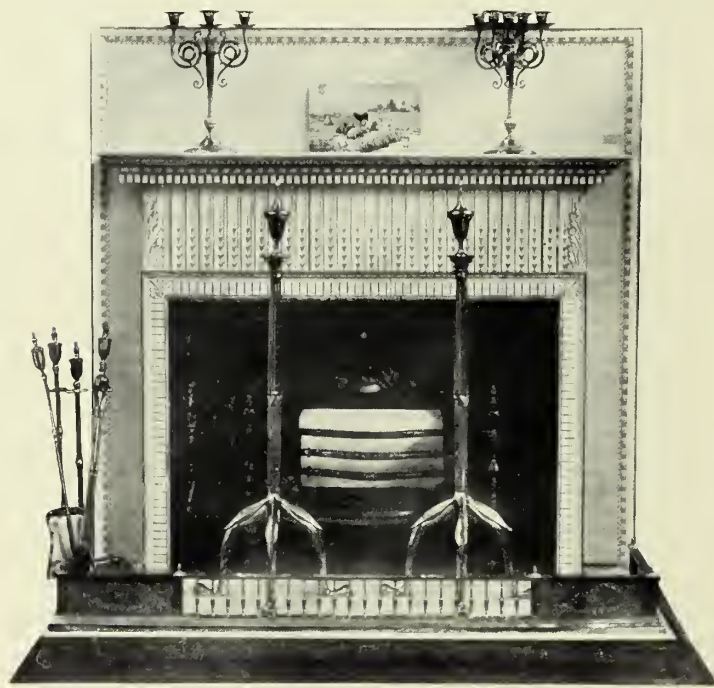
REAR VIEW.

## ANCHOR POTTERY.

MANUFACTURERS AND DECORATORS.

THIS pottery, operated by Mr. James E. Norris, is one of the largest and best planned and equipped plants in the country. It covers an area of 440 x 550 feet, and is located in East Trenton on the Delaware and Raritan Canal. It lies between two railroads, the Pennsylvania on north side and the Philadelphia and Reading on south side, and has a spur from each line running in its yard. Its capacity is fourteen kilns, four biscuit, five gloss and five decorating kilns, and furnishes employment to about 250 hands. Its product, which consists of a high grade of C. C., White Granite and Semi-porcelain Dinner and Toilet Ware, both plain and decorated, is shipped to all of the principal cities and towns in the Northern and Eastern States.





## THE TRENT TILE COMPANY.

BENJAMIN F. LEE, PRESIDENT.

A. W. LAWSHE, SECRETARY AND TREASURER.

MANUFACTURERS OF TILE.

CERAMIC MANTELS—ART TILE—WALL TILE—WHITE AND COLORED VITREOUS  
FLOOR TILE AND CERAMICS—ART CERAMIC—MOSAIC TILE FLOORS.

OFFICE AND WORKS, TRENTON, N. J.



## ROBERTSON ART TILE COMPANY.

MORRISVILLE, PA., U. S. A.

Manufacturers of Fine Art, Plain Enamel and Wall Tile, for Mantels, Hearths, Wainscotings, Bath Rooms, etc. The officers are A. D. Forst, President and General Manager ; A. S. Townsend, Vice-President ; R. K. Bowman, Treasurer ; Everett Townsend, Secretary and Superintendent.



## THE JOHN MOSES & SONS CO.

TRENTON, N. J.

Makers of High Grade Pottery. Oldest pottery under one continuous management in America.

NEW YORK OFFICE, Crockery Exchange Building, 25 West Broadway.



## THOMAS MADDOCK & SONS.

TRENTON, NEW JERSEY, U. S. A.

This pottery was established in 1859, being the oldest Sanitary Pottery in the United States. They manufacture a superior quality of Sanitary Earthenware, also a large line of under-glazed and over-glazed decorated Toilet Ware, Umbrella Stands, Jardinieres, etc.



## JOHN MADDOCK & SONS.

(COALPORT WORKS).

JOHN MADDOCK,                      THOMAS MADDOCK,  
ALEXANDER H. MADDOCK,      WILLIAM B. MADDOCK.

Manufacturers of the "COALPORT" Brand of Plumbers', Steamship and Car Builders' Earthenware, and Sanitary Specialties of every description.





## EUREKA FLINT AND SPAR CO.

THIS plant is the largest and most modern plant in this country engaged in mining, importing and pulverizing supplies for pottery, tile, glass, sanitary, porcelain, paper and paint manufacturers. Equipped throughout with the best and latest machinery for grinding, the most approved methods for maintaining purity and cleanliness in its products, and the most convenient shipping facilities, the Eureka Company has received the emphatic endorsement of manufacturers everywhere for furnishing a superior article.

The plant, occupying a space 300 feet square, is between New York avenue and the Delaware and Raritan Canal, the yard being entered by four spurs of the Pennsylvania and Philadelphia and Reading Railroads, both elevated and surface tracks, equipped with Fairbanks track scales.

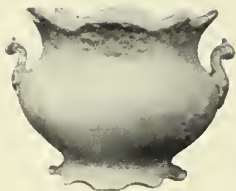
The equipment of the plant comprises four sets of chasers capable of crushing 20 tons daily each, and 14 cylinders with a capacity of 80 tons daily, or 480 tons per week.

The Eureka Company mines, imports and pulverizes American rock flint, American feld-spar, pure English Cornwall stone, French flint, pure bone and bitstone. It has a glaze spar mine in Connecticut, employing a score of men under the Company's own foreman, and four regular or body spar mines in Pennsylvania. Thus equipped for obtaining crude materials and with the very best facilities for turning out the finished product, the Company is able to compare with any in the world, in fact, the Eureka has a large trade with foreign countries in addition to its home patronage.

In every branch of its work the Company makes cleanliness its aim, carefully planking its bins where the crude material is kept and utilizing every mechanical and human device to maintain an unquestioned standard of purity throughout the process of manufacture.

The Eureka Company was organized on February 1st, 1895. Its members are men of undoubted business integrity and standing, and the Company has won its way to the front by straightforward business methods.

The officers of the Company are: President, John E. Thropp; Vice-President, Peter D. Thropp; Secretary, Frank W. Thropp; Treasurer, Thomas H. Thropp; General Manager, John E. Thropp, Jr. The Company is incorporated under the laws of New Jersey.



THE W. H. TATLER DECORATING COMPANY.  
DECORATORS OF CHINA.

The above company was incorporated December 13th, 1887. Their specialty is that of decorating imported Dinner and Tea Sets, Toilet Ware and Jardinieres. The entire product is sold in the United States. The decorations are unique in design and coloring, and are executed by artists experienced in the business. The factory is located on the Pennsylvania Railroad with office and show-rooms on Monmouth and State Streets. The officers are W. H. Tatler, President; E. E. Tatler, Vice-President and Jas. P. Lawson, Secretary and Treasurer.



THE INTERNATIONAL POTTERY CO.

TRENTON, N. J.

Manufacturers of the Celebrated "Royal Blue" White Granite, Semi-Porcelain and China Wares, White and Decorated. Vitrified China and Stationers China Ware. The officers are President, William Burgess; Treasurer, E. C. Williamson; Secretary, I. H. Nichols.

THE STAR PORCELAIN CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF ELECTRICAL SPECIALTIES IN PORCELAIN.

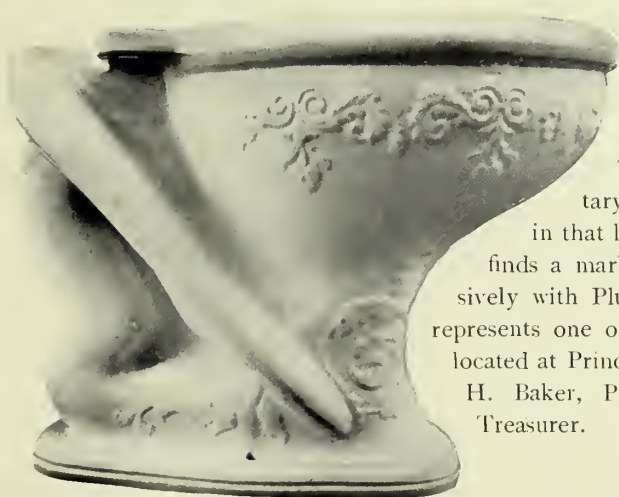
HERBERT SINCLAIR, GENERAL MANAGER.

TRENTON, N. J.



### THE MONUMENT POTTERY CO.

Among the important industries successfully competing with foreign products are the manufacturers of porcelain bath tubs, etc. The Monument Pottery Company are the only producers of the celebrated Monument Porcelain Ware, such as Baths, French and Roman shape, Sinks, Laundry Tubs, Water Closets, Urinals, Lavatories, Hospital Slop Sinks, Basins, and Sanitary Ware of all descriptions. This Company is prepared to make baths of special design, according to the drawing, and will furnish fittings and mount goods when required. Being excellently located for manufacturing, equipped with modern appliances and facilities for handling and shipping, the concern is fast earning a deserved reputation. The officers are Chas. Weelans, President; Samuel K. Wilson, Treasurer; J. Edward Harrop, Secretary.



### EGYPTIAN POTTERY COMPANY.

MANUFACTURERS OF FINE SANITARY WARE.

This concern makes a specialty of Plumbers' Sanitary Earthenware, being one of the oldest concerns in that branch of the Pottery business, and their product finds a market all over the United States. They deal exclusively with Plumbers' Supply Houses. The accompanying cut represents one of their pieces of ware. The office and works are located at Prince and Meade Streets, and the officers are Charles H. Baker, President, and Cornelius Turford, Secretary and Treasurer.

### KEYSTONE POTTERY COMPANY.

TRENTON, NEW JERSEY, U. S. A.

Manufacturers of Sanitary Earthenware in Vitreous China. The Standard of America our only product. It will never craze.







## THE SANITARY EARTHENWARE SPECIALTY COMPANY.

Incorporated March 4th, 1897, for the purpose of manufacturing the highest grade of Plumbers' Earthenware. This company gives particular attention to the development and manufacture of Sanitary Specialties. The product bears an excellent reputation and finds a market all over the United States. The officers of the company are Thos. Swetnam, President; Arthur Plantier, Vice-President, and John T. Moore, Secretary and Treasurer.



## THE ELECTRIC PORCELAIN AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

INCORPORATED.

This company manufactures High Grade Vitrified Porcelain for Electrical Purposes; such as Battery Bushings, Arc Hanger Boards, Wall, Concealed and Moulding Rosettes, Wall Receptacles, Bug Cutouts, Cleats, Insulators, Security Insulators, Switch Bases and all Specialties. Die Making, new and difficult designs, a special feature of their work. The officers of the company are Jonathan Coxon, President; Harry E. Coxon, Vice-President and General Manager; John F. Thompson, Secretary and Treasurer. The Works are located at 309-315 Monmouth Street, Trenton.



## AMERICAN PORCELAIN WORKS.

N. W. BOCH, PROPRIETOR.

The business was established by the present proprietor's father, William Boch, in 1863, at Corona, Long Island, where the first factory was erected known as the French China Works. He was succeeded by his son, N. W. Boch, who founded the works in Trenton now known as the American Porcelain Works. The product consists chiefly of Porcelain Hardware Specialties and Electrical Porcelains, also Jet and Brown Door Knobs and Specialties. The plant is advantageously located for this kind of industry, and the shipping facilities are excellent, having a siding of the Pennsylvania Railroad in the yard. The goods are shipped all over the United States, and find a market in European Countries. The sole proprietor is N. W. Boch.



## ARTISTIC PORCELAIN COMPANY.

The proprietors of this company are S. B. Miller and C. H. Granniss. The product consists principally of Specialties for Hardware Manufacturers, such as Porcelain Knobs, Caster Wheels and Electrical Specialties. The Works are located corner Chambers and William Streets.

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## STANDARD CHINA WORKS.

W. KIMBLE, PROPRIETOR.

Manufacturers of Hard Porcelain for Electrical Purposes,  
Hardware Trimmings and Woolen Mill Supplies.

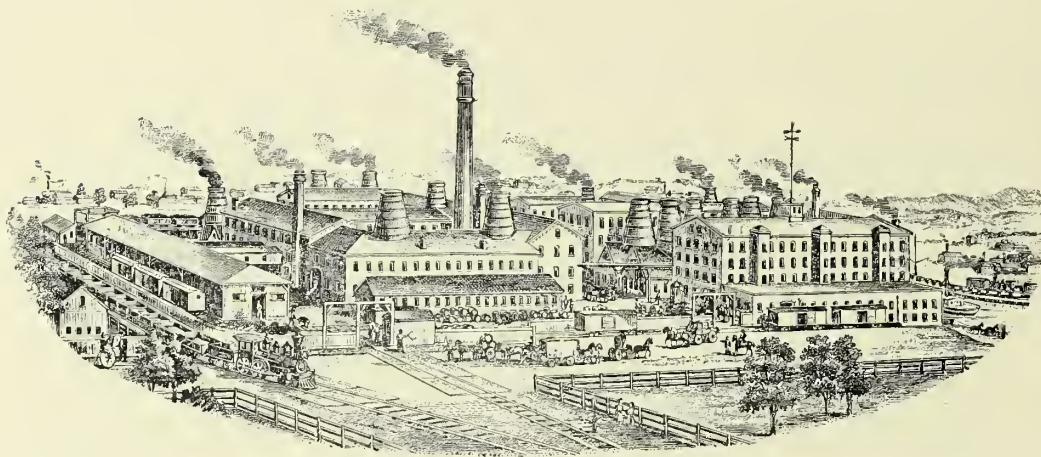


## COOK POTTERY CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF FINE EARTHENWARE.

ETRURIA WORKS.  
PROSPECT HILL WORKS.

TRENTON, NEW JERSEY.



## THE WILLETS MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

JOSEPH WILLETS, PRESIDENT.

DANIEL WILLETS, VICE-PRESIDENT.

EDMUND R. WILLETS, TREASURER.

Manufacturers of White and Decorated Pottery. Underglaze Printed Dinner, Tea and Toilet Ware for the Jobbing Trade. Belleek, Art Porcelain, Superior Opaque Porcelain, Thin and Hotel. White Granite and C. C. Ware, Fine Decorated Dinner, Tea and Toilet Ware.

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## THE ECONOMY POTTERY COMPANY.

WILLIAM H. BRADBURY, PROPRIETOR.

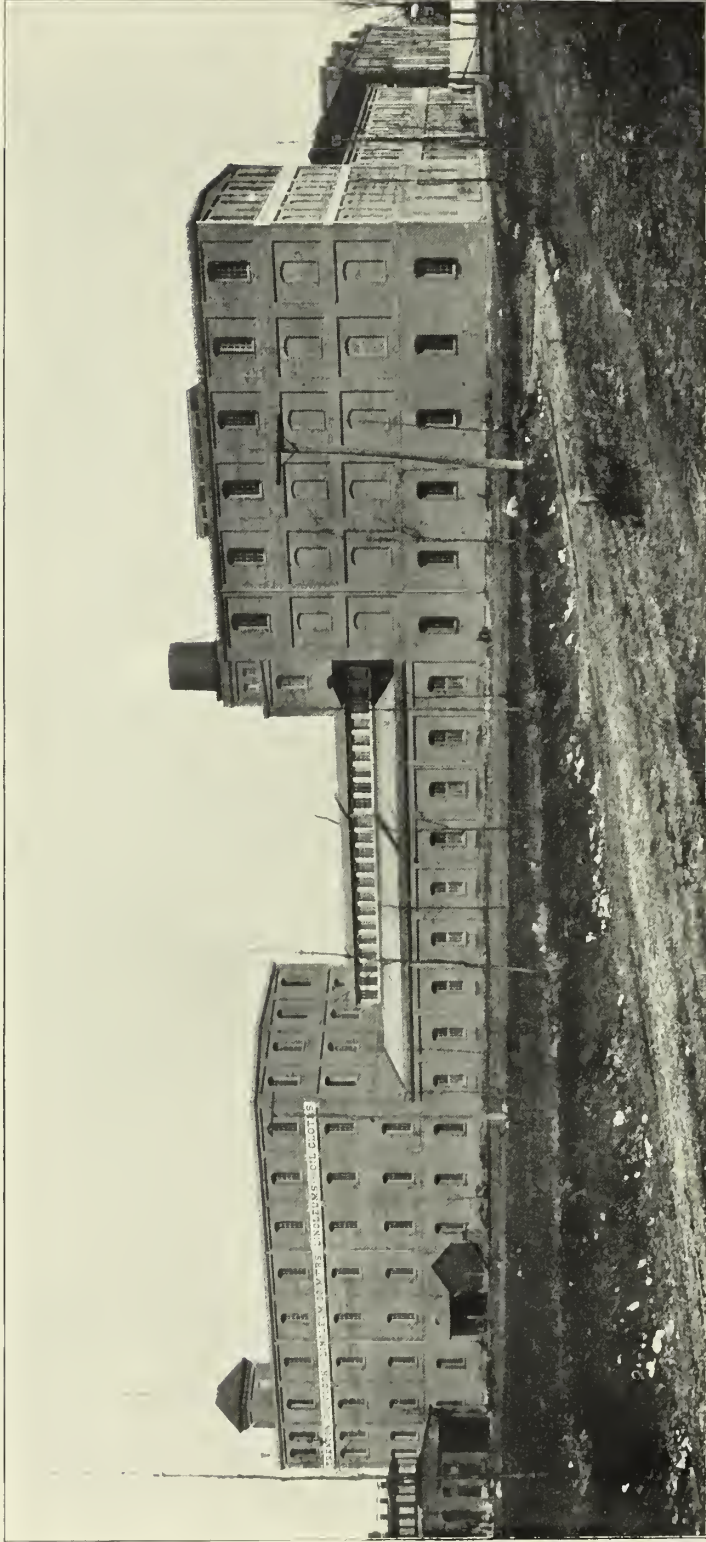
Manufacturers of Sanitary Ware and Decorated Jardinieres. We also solicit  
Decorator's Trade for White Ware.

DEUTZVILLE.

TRENTON, N. J.



## OTHER INDUSTRIES



## TRENTON OIL CLOTH AND LINOLEUM CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF LINOLEUM AND OIL CLOTHS.

G. R. COOK, PRESIDENT. E. D. COOK, TREASURER.  
W. P. HAYES, VICE-PRESIDENT. J. R. BEEKMAN, SECRETARY.

OFFICE AND FACTORY,  
TRENTON, NEW JERSEY.

WILSON & STOKES LUMBER COMPANY.



THIS TRESTLE IS 400 FEET LONG.

WILSON & STOKES.



THE LADIES' RESTAURANT.



THE BANQUET HALL.



## THE TRENTON HOUSE.

P. KATZENBACH, PROPRIETOR.

FRED'K F. KATZENBACH, MANAGER.

THIS famous hostelry dates back to the time of Marquis de Lafayette who was its guest. Here also a banquet was given Lincoln en route for his inauguration. The dignitaries of the State of New Jersey make this hotel their headquarters during sessions of the legislature. The present proprietor has been associated with The Trenton House over sixty-five years. Among its features are the Banquet Hall, Ladies' Restaurant and Grill Room. Conducted on both European and American Plans. Located corner of Warren and Hanover Streets.



## THE DELAWARE AND ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CO.

216 EAST STATE STREET, TRENTON, N. J.

J. E. MITCHELL, PRESIDENT.

W. T. WESTBROOK, GENERAL MANAGER.

J. MERRIHEW, VICE-PRESIDENT. J. A. MAC CRELLINII, MANAGER TRENTON EXCHANGE.

The Trenton Office of this Company was opened in 1879. and the system from that time has been extended until all the principal points in New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Delaware are accessible to its patrons : and by connection with the American Telegraph & Telephone Company's lines, facilities are accorded whereby communication can be had with over 350,000 subscribers' stations throughout the United States. The equipment of the Trenton Office is of the latest design, the Delaware & Atlantic Telegraph and Telephone Company being licensed to use the apparatus of the American Bell Telephone Company, which enables it to obtain the best telephone equipment that experience and inventive ability can produce. By efficient and courteous service, the Delaware & Atlantic Telegraph and Telephone Company has won the confidence and esteem of the entire community, and it will be the aim of its officers to use every endeavor to retain its popularity by a continuance of its appreciation of its patrons needs.



## ROBERT W. KENNEDY COMPANY.

DEALERS IN LUMBER AND TIMBER.

This Company is one of the largest of the six lumber concerns of Trenton. The business was started some sixty years ago. In the year 1893, Robert W. Kennedy and his partner succeeded and located on the present site. The personnel of the Robert W. Kennedy Company is composed of Charles H. Uplike, President, and Robert W. Kennedy, Secretary and Treasurer. The Office and Yard are situated No. 1010 East State Street, where are erected extensive sheds for the protection of a large stock of all kinds and grades of lumber ; making a specialty of building lumber.





TRENTON BREWING COMPANY—CAPACITY 200,000 BARRELS.

TRENTON HYGEIA ICE COMPANY—CAPACITY 150 TONS DAILY.



FRANZ HILL BREWERY—CAPACITY 100,000 BARRELS.



CONSUMERS BREWERY—CAPACITY 50,000 BARRELS.

THE PEOPLES BREWING COMPANY  
OF TRENTON.



## APPLEGATE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF TRENTON FRONT BRICK  
TRENTON, N. J.

## FRANK J. EPPELE,

DEALER IN

BLUE STONE, CURB, FLAG, STEPS, SILLS, &c.

Paving of all kinds done at short notice. Estimates furnished from specifications. Wholesale and retail dealer in best grades of Lehigh Coal.

Office and Yard: Nos. 530 and 532 Perry St. 'PHONE 191.  
TRENTON, N. J.

CITY LIME KILNS.

## JOS. B. RICHARDSON & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

White Marsh Lime, Terra Cotta Pipe, Portland and Rosendale Cements, Flint, Spar and Bitstone.

120 SOUTH STOCKTON ST. TRENTON, N. J.

## TRENTON ABATTOIR CO.

WHOLESALE BUTCHERS.

Home Dressed Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal and Pork.

WILLIAM SCHLICHER. PETER SCHLICHER.

## JOS. S. THORN CRACKER CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

All Grades of Trenton Oyster Crackers and Cracker Meal.

75 JACKSON STREET. TRENTON, N. J.

## WILLIAM W. SLACK,

ARCHITECT,

18 EAST STATE STREET. TRENTON, N. J.  
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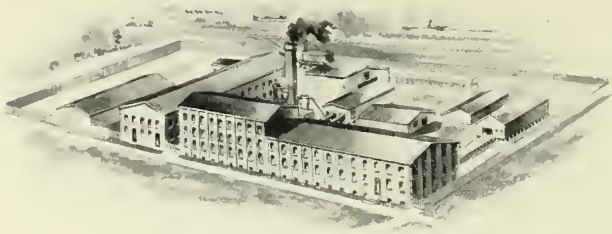
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